

### Republic of the Philippines

### Department of Education

REGION IV-A CALABARZON SCHOOLS DIVISION OF BATANGAS

#### **UNNUMBERED MEMORANDUM**

TO : Assistant Schools Division Superintendents

Chief- Curriculum Implementation Division (CID)

Chief- School Governance and Operations Division (SGOD)

Education Program Supervisors Public Schools District Supervisors

Public Elementary and Secondary School Heads

All Others Concerned

FROM : MERTHEL M. EVARDOME, CESO

Schools Division Superintendent

SUBJECT: DISSEMINATION OF COMELEC RESOLUTION NO. 10732

**DATE** : January 24, 2022

Attached herewith is the Commission on Elections Resolution No. 10732 regarding the Guidelines for the Conduct of: 1. In-Person Campaign, 2. Rallies, 3. Caucuses, Meetings and Conventions, 4. Motorcades and Caravans, and 5. Miting de Avance under the New Normal in connection with the 09 May 2022 National and Local Elections.

For your information, guidance, and widest dissemination.





# REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS Intramuros, Manila



S2-103802

GUIDELINES FOR THE CONDUCT OF: (1) IN-PERSON CAMPAIGN, (2) RALLIES, (3) CAUCUSES, MEETINGS, AND CONVENTIONS, (4)**MOTORCADES** AND CARAVANS, AND (5) MITING DE AVANCE UNDER THE NEW NORMAL IN CONNECTION WITH THE 09 MAY 2022 NATIONAL AND LOCAL ELECTIONS.

ABAS, Sheriff M.
GUANZON, Ma.
Rowena Amelia V.
INTING, Socorro B.
CASQUEJO, Marlon S.
KHO, Antonio T. Jr.
FEROLINO, Aimee P.

Chairman
Commissioner
Commissioner
Commissioner
Commissioner
Commissioner

PROMULGATED: 24 November 2021

### RESOLUTION NO. 10732

**WHEREAS**, on March 8, 2020, President Rodrigo Roa Duterte, under Proclamation No. 922, declared a State of Public Health Emergency throughout the Philippines due to COVID-19 pandemic;

**WHEREAS**, the Commission on Elections (Commission), joins the nation in its efforts and supports the main objective of the Government, to stop the spread of COVID-19. Further, it adheres to the principle that government services should not be denied to the general public, by institutionalizing preventive health measures, adopting the new normal to protect its personnel and the public clientele;

**NOW THEREFORE**, pursuant to the powers vested in it by the Constitution, the Omnibus Election Code, and Republic Act No. 9006 or the Fair Elections Act, and other related laws, the Commission **RESOLVED**, as it hereby **RESOLVES**, to promulgate the following

**GUIDELINES** institutionalizing the new normal in the conduct of (1) in-person campaign, (2) rallies, (3) caucuses, meetings, and conventions, (4) motorcades and caravans, and (5) *miting de avance*, to be strictly observed together with the minimum public health standards prescribed by the Department of Health (DOH).

### RULE I DEFINITION OF TERMS

### SECTION 1. Definition of Terms. - As used in these Guidelines:

a. **Candidate** refers to any person aspiring for or seeking an elective public office, who has filed a certificate of candidacy. For this purpose, any person who files his or her certificate of candidacy shall only be considered as a candidate at the start of the campaign period for which he or she filed his or her certificate of candidacy.

For the purposes of this Guidelines, the nominees of a Party-List group seeking a seat in the House of Representatives through the Party-List System of Representation, shall be considered as candidates;

- b. **Campaign Period.** Unless otherwise fixed in special cases by the Commission on Elections, the period of campaign shall be as follows:
  - (1) For candidates for President, Vice-President, Senator and party-list groups participating in the party-list system of representation 08 February 2022 to 07 May 2022;
    - (2) For Members of House of Representatives, and elective provincial, city, and municipal officials 25 March 2022 to 07 May 2022.

The campaign period shall not include 14 April 2022 (Maundy Thursday) and 15 April 2022 (Good Friday), the day before, and the day of the election.

c. **Category Level System** refers to area classifications for dealing with COVID-19, covering entire cities and/or municipalities,

provinces, and regions aimed to manage and minimize the risk of the disease during election campaigns through pertinent DOH and IATF-MEID Resolutions, issuances, and guidelines, as may be classified by the respective COMELEC Campaign Committees.

- d. **COMELEC Campaign Committee (CCC)** refers to the Committee created by the Commission to implement this Guidelines. The CCC shall exercise supervision over the Regional COMELEC Campaign Committee (RCCC), the Provincial COMELEC Campaign Committee (PCCC), and City or Municipal COMELEC Campaign Committee (C/MCCC).
- e. **Commission** refers to the Commission on Elections (COMELEC).
- f. Caucuses, Meetings, and Conventions refer to a meeting of people held indoors for the purpose of soliciting votes and/or undertaking any campaign or propaganda for or against a candidate.
- g. **COVID-19** refers to Coronavirus Disease 2019 which is caused by the virus known as the severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2).
- h. **Election Campaign Activity** refers to an act designed to promote the election or defeat of a particular candidate or candidates to a public office which shall include:
  - (1) Holding political caucuses, conventions, meetings, rallies, motorcades, or other similar assemblies or gatherings, or in-person campaigns for the purpose of soliciting votes and/or undertaking any campaign or propaganda for or against a candidate;
  - (2) Making speeches, announcements or commentaries, or holding interviews for or against the election of any candidate for public office; or
  - (3) Distributing campaign materials designed to support or oppose the election of any candidate.

- i. **Enclosed Outdoor** refers to any open space or location that, while not within a fully enclosed and secure structure is still surrounded by a perimeter fence or similar minimal barrier, has a controllable point of ingress and egress, a definable maximum capacity and proper natural ventilation.
- j. **Guidelines** refers to the Guidelines for the conduct of: (1) In-Person Campaign, (2) Rallies, (3) Caucuses, Meetings, and Conventions, (4) Motorcades and Caravans, and (5) *Miting De Avance* Under the New Normal in Connection with the 09 May 2022 National and Local Elections.
- k. **LATF-MEID** refers to the Inter-Agency Task Force for the Management of Emerging Infectious Diseases created by virtue of Executive Order No. 168, series of 2014.
- l. **Indoor** includes function halls, stadiums, coliseum, and other similarly enclosed premises, with a definable capacity.
  - m. In-Person Campaign refers to a form of campaigning wherein a candidate and his/her supporters personally visit the voters through house-to-house and other sorties in public places, distribute leaflets, give away sample ballots, campaign materials, and other goods or items allowed under Republic Act No. 9006, otherwise known as the Fair Election Act.
  - n. **Minimum Public Health Standards (MPHS)** refers to guidelines set by the Department of Health and such other issuances subsequent thereto, as well as sector-relevant guidelines issued by national government agencies as authorized by the IATF-MEID. Specifically, to:
    - 1. Ensure adequate air circulation and ventilation;
    - 2. Maintain physical distancing of one (1) meter or more; and
    - 3. Proper usage of face masks and other personal protective equipment as may be necessary.
  - o. **Miting de Avance** refers to a public rally conducted by any candidate, political party, party under the party-list system, or coalition, on the last day of the campaign period.

- p. **Motorcades and Caravans** refer to an organized procession of vehicles travelling together that move along a sidewalk, public or private street, highway, or expressway, conducted exclusively for election campaign purposes.
- q. **New Normal** refers to the emerging behaviors, situations, and minimum public health standards that will be institutionalized in common or routine practices and remain even after the pandemic while the disease is not totally eradicated through means such as widespread immunization.
- r. **Outdoor** refers to any open space or location that is not within a fully enclosed and secure structure.
- s. **Rally** refers to a mass or concerted action held in a public place, indoors or outdoors, for the purpose of soliciting votes and/or undertaking any campaign or propaganda for or against a candidate.

### RULE II GENERAL PROVISIONS

- **SECTION 2.** Scope of these Guidelines. These Guidelines shall cover Election Campaign Activities that involve physical or personal interaction, such as (1) In-Person Campaign, (2) Rallies, (3) Caucuses, Meetings, and Conventions, (4) Motorcades and Caravans, and (5) Miting De Avance.
- **SECTION 3.** Candidates as Authorized Persons Outside of Residence (APOR). All candidates and their campaign support staff of voting age, who are going out of their residence to participate in election campaigns, as defined herein shall be recognized as Authorized Persons Outside of Residence (APOR) during the campaign period, regardless of the alert level system and vaccination status.
- **SECTION 4.** Requirements of Participants. Subject to the prevailing IATF-MEID guidelines, all persons participating in election campaigns in whatever capacity are mandated to wear full-coverage face shields together with face masks (ear loop masks, indigenous, reusable, or do-it-yourself masks, or other facial protective

equipment) and observe the minimum public health standards at all times during the period of the political activity.

**SECTION 5.** *Persons Not Allowed.* – Subject to the prevailing IATF-MEID guidelines, any person below eighteen (18) years old, those who are over sixty-five (65) years of age, and those with immunodeficiency, comorbidity, or other health risks, and heavily pregnant women are not allowed to join, participate, or take part in any political caucuses, conferences, meetings, rallies, motorcades or other similar assemblies for the purpose of soliciting votes and/or undertaking any campaign or propaganda for or against a candidate.

### RULE III

THE NATIONAL COMELEC CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE (NCCC),
REGIONAL COMELEC CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE (RCCC),
PROVINCIAL COMELEC CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE (PCCC) AND
MUNICIPAL/CITY COMELEC CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE (M/CCCC)

**SECTION 6.** Composition of the NCCC. – The NCCC shall be composed of the following:

- a. The Commissioner-in-Charge, as the Chairperson;
- b. With members consisting of:
  - b.1. The Secretary of the Department of Health (DOH);
  - b.2. The Chief of the Philippine National Police (PNP);
  - b.3. The Chief of the Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP); and
  - b.4. The Secretary of the Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG).

The NCCC shall be assisted by a Secretariat composed of a representative from the Commission, as may be designated by the NCCC Chairperson.

**SECTION 7.** Composition of the RCCC. – The RCCC shall be composed of the following:

- a. Regional Election Director (RED), as the Chairperson;
- b. With members consisting of:

- b.1. The Regional Director of the DOH;
- b.2. The Regional Director of the PNP;
- b.3. Either the Division or Brigade Commander with the highest rank designated by the AFP; and
- b.4. The Regional Director of the DILG.

The RCCC shall be assisted by a Secretariat composed of a representative from the Commission, as may be designated by the RCCC Chairperson.

**SECTION 8.** Composition of the PCCC. – The PCCC shall be composed of the following:

- a. Provincial Election Supervisor (PES), as the Chairperson;
- b. With members consisting of:
  - b.1. The highest-ranking provincial official of the DOH;
  - b.2. Provincial Director of the PNP;
  - b.3. Either the Battalion Commander of the AFP or the highest-ranking officer in the area as may be designated by the AFP; and
  - b.4. Provincial Director of the DILG.

The PCCC shall be assisted by a Secretariat composed of a representative from the Commission, as may be designated by the PCCC Chairperson.

**SECTION 9.** Composition of the M/CCCC. - The M/CCCC shall be composed of the following:

- a. Election Officer (EO), as the Chairperson;
- b. With members consisting of:
  - b.1. City/Municipal Health Officer;
  - b.2. PNP Chief of Police;
  - b.3. Highest-ranking officer in the area as may be designated by the AFP; and
  - b.4. DILG City Director or highest-ranking officer in the area as may be designated by the DILG.

The M/CCCC shall be assisted by a Secretariat composed of a representative from the Commission, as may be designated by the M/CCCC Chairperson.

**SECTION 10.** *Duties and Functions.* – Each of the NCCC, RCCC, PCCC, or M/CCCC shall have the following duties and functions:

- a. Classify Category Levels in their respective areas of jurisdiction;
- b. Accept, approve/disapprove applications for the conduct of election campaigns under this Guidelines;
- c. Monitor the conduct of aforesaid election campaigns;
- d. Prepare reports as regards the conduct of aforesaid election campaigns;
- e. Implement the provisions of this Guidelines; and
- f. Perform other functions as may be determined by the Commission.

#### RULE IV

### CATEGORIES FOR AREAS UNDER DIFFERENT ALERT LEVEL CLASSIFICATIONS

**SECTION 11.** Category Levels. – The following categories shall be observed in areas under the different alert level classifications:

CATEGORY LEVEL	New Normal or equivalent to Alert Level 1 of the IATF-MEID's Alert Level System		
Category 1			
Category 2	Refers to Alert Level 2 as defined under the IATF-MEID's Aler Level System		
Category 3	Refers Alert Level 3 as defined under IATF-MEID's Alert Leve System		
Category 4	Refers to Alert Level 4 as defined under IATF-MEID's Alert Level System		

Category 5	Refers to Alert Level 5 as defined
	under IATF-MEID's Alert Level
	System

SECTION 12. Allowable Election Campaign Activities under Category Level – the following thresholds shall be observed for each election campaign activities:

### A. For In-person Campaign:

CATEGORY LEVEL	RESTRICTIONS			
1	No limit			
2	A candidate or campaign leader may be accompanied by a maximum of five (campaign support staff.			
3	A candidate or campaign leader may a accompanied by a maximum of three (campaign support staff.			
4	Not allowed			
5	Not allowed			

### B. For Caucuses, Meetings, Convention, Rallies and Miting de Avance:

CATEGORY LEVEL	RESTRICTIONS
1	Allowed up to 70% of the operational capacity of the venue, whether indoor or outdoor
2	Allowed up to 50% of the operational capacity of the venue, whether indoor or outdoor
3	Allowed up to 50% of the operational capacity of the venue for enclosed outdoor only
4	Allowed up to 30% of the operational capacity of the venue for enclosed outdoor only
5	Not allowed

**SECTION 13.** Observance of Minimum Public Health Standards (MPHS) – During all election campaign activities, candidates and participants shall, at all times, observe MPHS.

**SECTION 14.** *In-Person Campaign* – The following activities are strictly prohibited during in-person campaigns in all category levels:

- a. Entering any private dwelling during house-to-house campaigning, even with the express permission of the homeowner;
  - b. Crowding, or allowing there to be, crowds that violate MPHS around the candidate and his or her companions;
    - c. Handshakes, hugs, kisses, going arm-in-arm, or any action that involves physical contact among the candidate, their companions, and the public;
    - d. Taking selfies, photographs and other similar activities that require close proximity between the candidate and their companions, and the public; and
    - e. Distribution of food and drink, and all other goods or items.

**SECTION 15.** Conventions, Caucuses, Meetings, Miting de Avance and Rallies. – The following activities are strictly prohibited during conventions, Miting de Avance and Rallies, in all Category Levels:

- a. Handshakes, hugs, going arm-in-arm, or any action that involves physical contact among the candidate, their companions, and the public;
- b. Taking selfies, photographs and other similar activities that require close proximity between the candidate and their companions, and the public; and
- c. Distribution of food and drink, and all other goods or items.

### SECTION 16. Motorcades and Caravans -

a. The following passenger capacity for each type of vehicle shall be observed:

TYPE OF VEHICLE	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 5
Trucks, Buses, Mini-Trucks, and Jeepneys	Allowed up to 70% of the capacity of the vehicle	Allowed up to 50% of the capacity of the vehicle	Allowed up to 50% of the capacity of the vehicle	Allowed up to 30% of the capacity of the vehicle	Not allowed
Service- Utility Vehicles (SUVs), Sedans and owner-type jeepneys.	Full capacity	Full capacity	Allowed up to two (2) passengers per row and one (1) passenger on the driver's row	Allowed up to two (2) passengers per row and one (1) passenger on the driver's row	Not allowed
Tricycles	Full capacity	Full capacity	One (1) passenger in the side- car, and one (1) backride passenger	One (1) passenger in the side- car, but no backride passenger	Not allowed
Motorcycles	One (1) backride passenger	One (1) backride passenger	No backride passengers	No backride passengers	Not allowed

- b. Only candidates, campaign leaders, and supporters belonging to the same household are allowed to be in the same vehicle.
- c. The following activities are strictly prohibited during Motorcades, in all Category Levels:
  - c.1. Stopovers, layovers, and other similar stoppages for the conduct of other election campaign activities;
  - c.2. Handshakes, hugs, kisses, going arm-in-arm, or any action that involves physical contact among the candidate, their companions, and the public;

- c.3. Taking selfies, photographs and other similar activities that require close proximity between the candidate and their companions, and the public; and
- c.4. Distribution of food and drink, and all other goods or items.

## Rule V PROCEDURE TO CLASSIFY CATEGORY LEVELS IN THEIR RESPECTIVE AREAS OF JURISDICTION

**SECTION 17.** Authority of the NCCC to set Category Levels – The NCCC shall have the authority to classify the Category Level of each region, province, city and municipality. These Category Levels shall be reviewed by the NCCC every fourteen (14) days, or as it may deem necessary.

**SECTION 18.** Authority to reclassify of M/CCCC – The M/CCCC may, at their own initiative, by unanimous vote, raise the Category Level of its area of jurisdiction if the circumstances so warrant, taking into consideration the number of cases and the rate of transmission of COVID-19 in the city or municipality.

The authority of the M/CCCC to reclassify is strictly limited to raising Category Levels, as it may deem necessary. In no case may it reclassify the Category Level to one lower than that imposed by the NCCC.

**SECTION 19.** *Remedies* – Any candidate, or any accredited political party, party-list or coalition may request for the reconsideration of a reclassification made by the M/CCCC.

Such written request shall be filed with the PCCC having authority over the city or municipality. The PCCC shall decide on said request within forty-eight (48) hours from receipt thereof.

In case of an unfavorable decision, or where the forty-eight (48) hour period has lapsed with no decision, the candidate may elevate the matter to the RCCC having authority over the province. This shall be in the form of a letter-request addressed to the RCCC, who shall decide on the matter within seventy-two (72) hours. The decision of the RCCC shall be final and unappealable.

## RULE VI PROCEDURE FOR APPLICATIONS FOR THE CONDUCT OF ELECTION CAMPAIGNS

**SECTION 20.** *Approval of the CCC.* – No election campaign activity under this Guidelines shall be conducted without first obtaining the prior approval from the corresponding CCC.

**SECTION 21.** Where and when to file. – Applications for the conduct of election campaign activities shall be filed at least seventy-two (72) hours prior to the intended schedule, before the following committees:

- a. Regional COMELEC Campaign Committee (RCCC) at the Office of the Regional Election Director for Presidential, Vice-Presidential, Senatorial, and Party-List Candidates;
- b. Provincial COMELEC Campaign Committee (PCCC) at the Office of the Provincial Election Supervisor for Gubernatorial, Vice-Gubernatorial, District Representative, and Sangguniang Panlalawigan Candidates; and
- c. Municipal/City COMELEC Campaign Committee (M/CCCC) at the concerned Office of the Election Officer for Mayoralty, Vice-Mayoralty, and Sangguniang Bayan/Panlungsod Candidates.

The CCC concerned shall, upon due evaluation, either approve or deny the application within forty-eight (48) hours from receipt thereof. Inaction of the concerned CCC shall be deemed an approval of the application.

**SECTION 22.** Who may apply? – The following may apply for the conduct of election campaign activities:

- a. The candidate or his/her duly authorized representative; and
- b. The duly authorized representative of accredited political party, party-list, or coalition.

A duly authorized representative must present the Special Power of Attorney executed by their respective principal on his/her behalf at the moment of filing.

### SECTION 23. Requirements.

All applicants must submit a duly accomplished application form (herein attached as Annex "A") to the appropriate CCC in accordance to Sec. 21 of this Guidelines, with a copy to be furnished to every city or municipality where the applicant intends to hold its election campaign activity.

The following must be indicated in the application form:

ELECTION CAMPAIGN ACTIVITY	REQUIRED ATTACHMENT	SPECIFIC INFORMATION REQUIRED	
In-Person	Proof of identity of the companions	<ul><li>(A) Date, time, and place of the event; and</li><li>(B) Names of the companions.</li></ul>	
Motorcades and Caravans	Permit duly issued by the Local Government Unit concerned, or, in instances covered by Section 6(b) <sup>1</sup> of B.P. Blg. 880, the proof of filing of application for a permit.	route, and end-point	
Caucuses, Meetings, Conventions, Indoor Rallies, and other Election Campaign Activities held indoors.		<ul><li>(A) Date and time of the event; and</li><li>(B) Maximum capacity of the venue.</li></ul>	
Avance held outdoors or in an		place of the event;	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The mayor or any official acting in his behalf shall act on the application within two (2) working days from the date the application was filed, failing which, the permit shall be deemed granted. Should for any reason the mayor or any official acting in his behalf refuse to accept the application for a permit, said application shall be posted by the applicant on the premises of the office of the mayor and shall be deemed to have been filed.

(B) The measures taken to enclose an
outdoor space, when
necessary.

**SECTION 24.** *Remedies.* – In case of denial of its application, any candidate, or any accredited political party, party-list or coalition may appeal the decision subject to the following rules:

- a. Decisions by the M/CCCC shall be appealable to the PCCC having authority over the same;
- b. Decisions by the PCCC shall be appealable to the RCCC having authority over the same; and
- c. Decisions by the RCCC shall be appealable to the NCCC.

All appeals shall be filed in the form of a letter-appeal, which shall be decided by the concerned CCC within a non-extendible period of twenty-four (24) hours from receipt thereof. The decision of the concerned CCC shall be final and unappealable.

### RULE VII MONITORING AND REPORTORIAL REQUIREMENTS

**SECTION 25.** *Monitoring and Implementation.* – In order to properly monitor and implement the provisions of these Guidelines, the Commission hereby designates the following authority:

- a. Barangay Officials, Tanods, and Members of the Barangay Health Emergency Response Team (BHERT) To impose strict observance with Minimum Public Health Standards during the conduct of election campaign activities; and
- b. The Philippine National Police and the Armed Forces of the Philippines, as the case may be To maintain order and security during the conduct of election campaign activities, and to coordinate with the Barangay Officials, *Tanods*, *and BHERT* in the discharge of their functions, as necessary.

**SECTION 26.** *Reportorial Requirements* – in order to ensure strict and prompt compliance with this Guidelines, the following reportorial requirements must be observed:

- a. Within seventy-two (72) hours after every activity, the candidate or his/her duly authorized representative shall submit to the CCC concerned an Affidavit of Compliance (attached herein as Annex "B");
- b. After every election campaign activity, the Barangay Officials and Tanods assigned to monitor the event must prepare a report in the prescribed form (attached herein as Annex "C"). This report must be filed with M/CCCC holding jurisdiction over the area within seventy-two (72) hours after the event;
- c. The M/CCCC, shall compile these reports and summarize them indicating their recommendations and observations, and submit the same in a weekly report to the PCCC for the duration of the campaign period. This report shall include any reclassifications made to the Category Levels, indicating the reasons for such a reclassification therein;
- d. The PCCC shall compile the reports of the M/CCCCs within their jurisdiction, and submit the summary thereof to the RCCC a monthly report; and
- e. The RCCC shall compile and summarize the reports of the PCCC, and submit the same to the NCCC every month for the duration of the campaign period.

### RULE VIII SANCTIONS

SECTION 27. Penalty for Election Offenses. – Any person committing an act constituting a violation of Sections 87, 88 and 89 of the Batas Pambansa Blg. 881 or the Omnibus Election Code (OEC), as amended shall be prosecuted under Section 262 of the OEC. If proven guilty, he/she shall be punished with imprisonment of not less than one (1) year but not more than six (6) years and shall not be subject to probation. In addition, the guilty party shall be sentenced to suffer disqualification to hold public office and deprivation of the right of suffrage. If he/she is a foreigner, he/she shall be sentenced to deportation which shall be enforced after the prison term has been served. Any political party found guilty shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten thousand pesos, which

shall be imposed upon such party after criminal action has been instituted in which their corresponding officials have been found guilty.

**SECTION 28.** *Violations of the MPHS.* – The DOH or its local counterparts, as member of the CCC, shall closely monitor the compliance of all concerned with the MPHS, and shall, with knowledge of the CCC, take action in order to prosecute violators thereof under Section 9 (d) of Republic Act No. 11332 or the Mandatory Reporting of Notifiable Diseases and Health Events of Public Health Concern Act, and Section 1 (f), Rule XI of its 2020 Revised Implementing Rules and Regulations, and under relevant laws and rules.

### RULE IX MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

**SECTION 29.** Changes in Procedure and Protocols. – The Commission may modify the Guidelines set forth herein as the circumstances may warrant depending on the rules to be issued by the National Government or the IATF-MEID.

**SECTION 30.** Additional Powers and Functions – The Commission may delegate such other duties and functions to the concerned CCCs, as it may deem necessary for the proper enforcement and administration of laws and regulations relative to the conduct of the 2022 National and Local Elections.

**SECTION 31.** Compliance with the Data Privacy Act of 2012. – The Commission shall ensure that all its procedures are compliant with the Data Privacy Act of 2012 and its Implementing Rules and Regulations.

**SECTION 32.** Separability Clause. – Should any provision of these Guidelines or any part hereof be declared invalid, the other provisions, insofar as they are separable from the invalid ones, shall remain in full force and effect.

**SECTION 33.** *Effectivity and Dissemination.* - This Guidelines shall take effect seven (7) days after its publication in two (2) daily newspapers of general circulation in the Philippines.

The Education and Information Department of the Commission is directed to cause the publication of this Guidelines in two (2) daily newspapers of general circulation in the Philippines, and to furnish with copies thereof the Department of Health, the Department of Interior and Local Government, the Philippine National Police, the Armed Forces of the Philippines, the Commission's Regional Election Directors, Provincial Election Supervisors and Election Officers.

SO ORDERED.

SHERIFF M. ABAS
Chairman

MA. ROWENA AMELIA V. GUANZON

Commissioner

SOCORRO B. INTING
Commissioner

MARLON S. CASQUEJO

Commissioner

ANTONIO T. KHO, JR. Commissioner

AIMEE P. FEROLINO

Commissioner

### CERTIFICATION

**APPROVED** by the Commission En Banc during the regular online meeting on **November 24, 2021**, pursuant to COMELEC RESOLUTION NO. 10671, promulgated June 9, 2020, entitled: "Supplemental Resolution to COMELEC Resolution 9936 Promulgated March 25, 2015, Rule on the Enactment and Promulgation of Executive or Administrative Resolutions providing for other format of meetings to include online meetings applicable in times of COVID-19 pandemic and the imposition of Community Quarantines and similar emergency situations".

Acting Comelec Secretary

Date, Time, and Location	Month: Day:	AM/PM Location:	
Name of the Candidate/Authorized Representative (please attach SPA)		Signature	
ELECTION CAMPAIGN ACTIVITY (Pls. check the desired activity)	REQUIRED ATTACHMENT (Please attach on a separate sheet)	SPECIFIC INFORMATION REQUIRED	
□ In-Person Campaign	Proof of identity of the companions	Date: Time: Names of the companions:  1.	
□ Motorcade □ Caravan	□ Permit duly issued by the Local Government Unit concerned	Date: Time: Starting Point: Intended Route/s:  End Point:	
□ Caucus □ Meeting □ Convention □ Indoor Rally □ Other Election Campaign Activities held indoors (Please specify:)	□ Proof of reservation and Department of Tourism (DOT) accreditation of the venue where the activity will be held.	Date: Time: Venue: Maximum Capacity:	
□ Rally □ Miting De Avance held outdoors or in an enclosed outdoor space	Permit duly issued by the Local Government Unit concerned.	Date: Time: Venue: Maximum Capacity/ measures taken to enclose an outdoor space, when necessary:	

of local age Filining and a
, of legal age, Filipino, and a
r oath and in accordance with law, t:
of(activity) as part of's (name of candidate) election
ations, pursuant to the provisions of nduct of: (1) In-Person Campaign, (2) tings, and Conventions, (4) Motorcades ting De Avance Under the New Norma 09 May 2022 National and Local reunto affix my signature this
Affiant
Affiant  O before me this day of at

### **MONITORING REPORT**

1	;
5	of
	ease attach a separate sheet for additional names

Report/Observations	
Drengred by	
Prepared by	
Position/Designation	
Barangay	
City	
Signature	



### Republic of the Philippines COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS Intramuros, Manila

**RULES AND REGULATIONS** IMPLEMENTING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9006, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS "FAIR THE **ELECTION** ACT", IN CONNECTION WITH THE MAY 9, 2022 NATIONAL AND LOCAL ELECTIONS.

ABAS, Sheriff M. GUANZON, Maria Rowena Amelia V. INTING, Socorro B. CASQUEJO, Marlon S. KHO, Antonio T. Jr. FEROLINO, Aimee P.

Chairman Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner

x -----x Promulgated: November 17, 202

### RESOLUTION NO. 10730

WHEREAS, Republic Act No. 9006, otherwise known as the "Fair Elections Act" provides for the holding of free, orderly, honest, peaceful and credible elections through fair election practices;

WHEREAS, the said Act allows the publication or broadcast of political advertisements or propaganda for or against any candidate or political party;

WHEREAS, Section 3 of the said Act provides that election propaganda, whether on television, cable television, radio, newspapers or any other medium shall be subject to the supervision and regulation of the Commission on Elections (hereafter, "COMELEC");

WHEREAS, Section 6.4 of the said Act directs the COMELEC, to supervise in all instances the use and employment of press, radio and television broadcasting facilities insofar as the placement of political advertisements is concerned so as to give candidates equal opportunity under equal circumstances to make known their qualifications and stand on public issues within the limits set forth in the Omnibus Election Code and Republic Act No. 71661;

WHEREAS, Section 13 of the same Act requires the COMELEC to promulgate the necessary rules and regulations for the implementation thereof; and

NOW, THEREFORE, the COMELEC, by virtue of the powers vested in it by the Constitution, the Omnibus Election Code, the Fair Elections Act, Republic Act Nos. 6646<sup>2</sup>, 7166<sup>3</sup> and other related laws has RESOLVED, as it hereby RESOLVES, to promulgate the following Rules and Regulations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> An Act Providing for Synchronized National and Local Elections and for Electoral Reforms, Authorizing Appropriations Therefor, and for Other Purposes [Synchronized Election Law], Republic Act 7166 (1991).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An Act Introducing Additional Reforms in the Electoral System and for other Purposes [The Electoral Reforms Law of 1987], Republic Act 6646 (1987).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Supra at note 1.

#### SECTION 1. *Definitions* - As used in this Resolution:

- 1. "Blog" and "collective blog" refer to websites on which an individual or group of users, respectively, record news, opinions, and information, in varying degrees of regularity. A "micro-blog" refers to a blogging format which allows users to exchange small elements of content referred to variously as posts, entries or status updates such as short sentences, individual images, or links to video material uploaded to the Internet.
- 2. "Candidate" refers to any person seeking an elective public office, who has filed his or her certificate of candidacy, and who has not died, withdrawn his or her certificate of candidacy, had his or her certificate of candidacy denied due course or cancelled, or has been otherwise disqualified before the start of the campaign period for which he or she filed his certificate of candidacy. *Provided*, that, unlawful acts or omissions applicable to a candidate shall take effect only upon the start of the aforesaid campaign period.

It also refers to any registered national, regional, or sectoral party, organization or coalition thereof that has filed a manifestation of intent to participate under the party-list system, which has not withdrawn the said manifestation, or which has not been disqualified before the start of the campaign period.

- 3. "Contractors" and "business firms" refer to any person, natural or juridical, or firm to whom any electoral expenditure is made in accordance with Section 112 of the Omnibus Election Code, including but not limited, to media entities, media outlets, internet and social media platforms, advertising agencies, public relations firms and other intermediaries, event organizers, talent endorsers and their managers, digital influencers, and printing press for the purpose of entering into political advertisement contracts. "Social media associates" refer to contractors whose primary duty is to promote the election or defeat of any candidate through social media interactions and engagement.
- 4. "Election campaign" or "partisan political activity" refers to an act designed to promote the election or defeat of a particular candidate or candidates to a public office, and shall include any of the following:
  - a. Forming organizations, associations, clubs, committees or other groups of persons for the purpose of soliciting votes and/or undertaking any campaign for or against a candidate;
  - b. Creating on any social media platform, user groups or community pages, for the purpose of conducting campaigns or related partisan political activity;
  - c. Holding political caucuses, conferences, meetings, rallies, parades or other similar assemblies for the purpose of soliciting votes and/or undertaking any campaign or propaganda for or against a candidate;
  - d. Making speeches, announcements or commentaries, or holding interviews for or against the election of any candidate for public office;
  - e. Publishing, displaying or distributing campaign literature or materials designed to support or oppose the election of any candidate; or
  - f. Directly or indirectly soliciting votes, pledges or support for or against any candidate.

Personal opinions, views, and preferences for candidates, contained in blogs and micro-blogs shall not be considered as acts of election campaigning or partisan political activity unless expressed by government officials in the

- Executive Department, the Legislative Department, the Judiciary, the Constitutional Commissions, and members of the Civil Service.
- 5. "Election survey" refers to the measurement of opinions and perceptions of the voters as regards a candidate's popularity, qualifications, platforms or matters of public discussion in relation to the election, including voters' preference for candidates or publicly discussed issues during the campaign period.
- 6. "Electoral ads" and "electoral posts" refers to advertisements and social media posts that have for their primary purpose the promotion of the victory or defeat of an official candidate.
- 7. **"E-rally"** refers to a rally under Article X of the Omnibus Election Code which is conducted for an online audience.
- 8. "Exit polls" refers to a species of election survey conducted by a qualified individual or a group of individuals for the purpose of determining the probable result of an election by confidentially asking randomly selected voters for the names of candidates they have voted for, immediately after they have officially cast their ballots.
- 9. "Livestreaming" refers the live broadcasting of an event over the internet.
- 10. "Mass Media" refers to diversified technologies, operating on various platforms, that have for their primary purpose the transmission of information and communication to a large audience. These platforms include broadcast, internet and mobile, print, and outdoor. "Mass Media Entities" refer to individuals and organizations that exercise control over these technologies and determine, whether directly or indirectly, the content being distributed using these technologies. "Social media" is a form of mass media.
- 11. "Media practitioner" refers to a person who is not employed by a media entity but performs similar functions or has control over what is printed or broadcast such as a talent or a block timer.
  - Persons who create online content for personal or collective blogs and microblogs shall be considered media practitioners for purposes of these Rules.
- 12. "Microtargeting" refers to a form of targeting online advertisements that uses recent technological developments to analyze a person's online usage, to preferentially serve advertisements and other information that specifically reflect that individual user's preferences and personality.
- 13. "Online campaigning" refers to the use of the internet to distribute campaign propaganda. This includes text-only posts on social media, pictures, audio clips, and video clips, regardless of duration, and all combinations of such formats.
- 14. A "meme" refers to an image or video, often of unknown or uncertain origin, that is spread by internet users on various social media networks.
- 15. "Party" refers to either a political party, whether national or sectoral party, or a coalition of parties, and party-list organizations duly registered/accredited with the COMELEC.
- 16. "Political advertisement," or "election propaganda" refers to any matter broadcasted, published, printed, displayed or exhibited, in any medium, which contains the name, image, logo, brand, insignia, initials, and other symbol or

graphic representation that is capable of being associated with a candidate, and is exclusively intended to draw the attention of the public or a segment thereof to promote or oppose, directly or indirectly, the election of the said candidate or candidates to a public office. In broadcast media, political advertisements may take the form of spots, appearances on television shows and radio programs, live or taped announcements, teasers, and other forms of advertising messages or announcements used by commercial advertisers.

Political advertising includes endorsements, statements, declarations, or information graphics, appearing on any internet website, social network, blogging site, and micro-blogging site, which — when taken as a whole — has for its principal object the endorsement of a candidate only, or which were posted in return for consideration or are otherwise capable of pecuniary estimation.

17. "Social Media" refers to the collective of online communication channels, including websites and applications, that enable users to create and share content, collaborate, and interact with each other. For purposes of these Rules, video sharing sites which allow users to post comments on individual entries shall be considered as falling within the broad category of "social media." "Social Media Account" refers to a user's personalized access to a social networking site or application, typically using a username and password combination." A social media account allows a user to interact with other users on the same social networking site. "Social Media Post" refers to any text, audio, or graphic content — or any combination thereof — published online using a social media account.

SECTION 2. Campaign Period-. - For purposes of the May 9, 2022 National and Local Elections, the campaign periods shall be:

Elective Office	Start	End
Candidates for President, Vice-President, Senator	February 8, 2022	May 7, 2022
and Party-List groups participating in the party-		-
list system of representation		
Candidates for Members of the House of	March 25, 2022	May 7, 2022
Representatives, regional, provincial, city and		· ·
municipal officials		

SECTION 3. *Prohibited Campaigning*. - It is unlawful for any person or for any political party, or association of persons to engage in an election campaign or partisan political activity on Maundy Thursday (April 14, 2022), Good Friday (April 15, 2022), the eve of election day (May 8, 2022) and on Election Day (May 9, 2022).

SECTION 4. Prohibition against Foreign Intervention. - It is unlawful for any foreigner, whether a juridical or natural person, to directly or indirectly aid any candidate, or political party, organization or coalition, or to take part in, or influence in any manner, any election, or to contribute or make any expenditure in connection with any election campaign or partisan political activity.

SECTION 5. Authorized Expenses of Candidates and Parties. - The aggregate amount that a candidate may spend for an election campaign shall be as follows:

a. For candidates for President and Vice-President - Ten pesos (P10.00) for every registered voter

- b. For candidates with political party Three pesos (P3.00) for every voter currently registered in the constituency where the candidate filed his certificate of candidacy;
- c. For other candidates without any political party and without support from any political party Five pesos (P5.00) for every voter currently registered in the constituency where the candidate filed his certificate of candidacy; and
- d. For political parties and party-list groups Five pesos (P5.00) for every voter currently registered in the constituency or constituencies where it has official candidates.

SECTION 6. Lawful Election Propaganda. - Election propaganda, whether on television or cable television, radio, newspaper, the internet or any other medium, is hereby allowed for all bona fide candidates seeking national and local elective positions, subject to the limitation on authorized expenses of candidates and parties, observation of truth in advertising, and to the supervision and regulation by the COMELEC.

Lawful election propaganda shall include:

- a. Pamphlets, leaflets, cards, decals, stickers or other written or printed materials the size of which does not exceed eight and one-half inches (8 ½") in width and fourteen inches (14") in length;
- b. Handwritten or printed letters urging voters to vote for or against any particular political party or candidate for public office;
- c. Cloth, paper or cardboard posters, whether framed or posted, with an area not exceeding two (2) feet by three (3) feet, except that, at the site and on the occasion of a public meeting or rally, or in announcing the holding of said meeting or rally, streamers not exceeding three (3) feet by eight (8) feet in size, shall be allowed: Provided, That said streamers may be displayed five (5) days before the date of the meeting or rally and shall be removed within twenty-four (24) hours after said meeting or rally;
- d. Paid advertisements in print or broadcast media: Provided, That the advertisements shall allow the requirements set forth in Section 9 hereof;
- e. All other forms of election propaganda not prohibited by the Omnibus Election Code or these rules, such as but not limited to:
  - 1. Social media posts, regardless of format, whether original or reposted from some source, which may either be incidental to the poster's advocacies of social issues or which may have, for its primary purpose, the endorsement of a candidate only;
  - 2. Paid advertisements in broadcast, internet, mobile, print or outdoor media subject to the requirements set forth in Section 9 hereof and the Fair Elections Act;
  - 3. Mobile units, vehicles, motorcades of all types, whether engine or manpower driven or animal drawn, with or without sound systems or loud speakers and with our without lights;
  - 4. In the headquarters and residences of candidates, lawful election paraphernalia may be displayed, but banners and streamers referred to in paragraph (c) above shall not be allowed;

Parties and candidates are hereby encouraged to use recyclable and environment-friendly materials and avoid those that contain hazardous chemicals and substances in the production of their campaign and election propaganda.

In local government units where local legislation governing the use of plastic and other similar materials exist, parties and candidates shall comply with the same.

Candidates and parties are required to incorporate sign language interpreters and closed captioning in broadcast election propaganda intended for exhibition on television and/or the internet, and are encouraged to ensure the availability of their respective printed campaign materials in Braille.

SECTION 7. Prohibited Forms of Election Propaganda. - During the campaign period, it is unlawful:

- a. To print, publish, post or distribute any newspaper, newsletter, newsweekly, gazette or magazine advertising, pamphlet, leaflet, card, decal, bumper sticker, poster, comic book, circular, handbill, streamer, sample list of candidates or any published or printed political matter and to air or broadcast any election propaganda or political advertisement by television or radio for or against a candidate or group of candidates to any public office, unless they bear and be identified by the reasonably legible, or audible words "political advertisement paid for," followed by the true and correct name and address of the candidate or party for whose benefit the election propaganda was printed or aired. It shall likewise be unlawful to publish, print or distribute said campaign materials unless they bear, and are identified by, the reasonably legible, or audible words "political advertisements paid by," followed by the true and correct name and address of the payor.
- b. To print, publish, broadcast, display, or exhibit any such election propaganda donated or given free of charge by any person or publishing firm or broadcast media entity to a candidate or party without the written acceptance of the said candidate or party, and unless they bear and be identified by the words "printed free of charge," or "airtime for this broadcast was provided free of charge by", respectively, followed by the true and correct name and address of the said publishing firm or broadcast entity;
- c. To show, display or exhibit publicly in a theater, through a television station, a video sharing site, social media network, or any public forum any movie, cinematography or documentary, including concert or any type of performance portraying the life or biography of a candidate, or in which a character is portrayed by an actor or media personality who is himself or herself a candidate;
- d. For any newspaper or publication, radio, television or cable television station, or other mass media entity, or any person making use of the mass media to sell or give free of charge print or advertising space or airtime for campaign or election propaganda purposes to any candidate or party in excess of the size, duration or frequency authorized by law or these Rules. A newspaper or publication, radio, television or cable television station, or other mass media, or any person may require any buyer to warrant under oath that such purchase is not in excess of the size, duration or frequency authorized by law or these Rules;
- e. For any radio, television, cable television station, announcer or broadcaster to allow the scheduling of any program, or permit any sponsor to manifestly favor or oppose any candidate or party by unduly or repeatedly referring to, or unnecessarily mentioning his name, or including therein said candidate or party;

- f. To print, publish, post, show, display, distribute any election campaign or propaganda materials that are violative of gender sensitivity principles, is obscene, offensive, discriminatory, or otherwise constitutes a violation of the Magna Carta of Women; and
- g. To post, display or exhibit any election campaign or propaganda material outside of authorized common poster areas, in public places, or in private properties without the consent of the owner thereof;

Public places include any of the following:

- 1. Publicly-owned electronic announcement boards, such as light-emitting diode (LED) display boards located along highways and streets, liquid crystal display (LCD) monitors posted on walls of public buildings, and other similar devices which are owned by local government units, government-owned and controlled corporations, or any agency or instrumentality of the Government;
- 2. Motor vehicles used as patrol cars, ambulances, and for other similar purposes that are owned by local government units, government-owned and controlled corporations, and other agencies and instrumentalities of the Government, particularly those bearing government license plates;
- 3. Public transport vehicles owned and controlled by the government such as the Metro Rail Transit (MRT), Light Rail Transit (LRT), and Philippine National Railway trains and the like.
- 4. Waiting sheds, sidewalks, street and lamp posts, electric posts and wires, traffic signages and other signboards erected on public property, pedestrian overpasses and underpasses, flyovers and underpasses, bridges, main thoroughfares, center islands of roads and highways;
- 5. Schools, public shrines, barangay halls, government offices, health centers, public structures and buildings or any edifice thereof; and
- 6. Within the premises of public transport terminals, owned and controlled by the government, such as bus terminals, airports, seaports, docks, piers, train stations and the like.

The printing press, printer, or publisher who prints, reproduces or publishes said campaign materials, and the broadcaster, station manager, owner of the radio or television station, or content creator of a post, owner or administrator of any website who airs or shows the political advertisements, without the required data or having false information, in violation of these rules shall be criminally liable with the candidate under Sec. 264 of the Omnibus Election Code and, if applicable, further suffer the penalties of suspension or revocation of franchise or permit in accordance with law.

Nothing in these rules shall be construed as limiting the authority of the appropriate agencies and instrumentalities of the government to promulgate their own rules and regulations, regarding the posting of political print advertising on any regulated land, sea and air vehicle, including but not limited to public utility vehicles and tricycles.

SECTION 8. Petition for Authority to Use Other Election Propaganda. - Any person seeking authority to use other forms of election propaganda not covered by those enumerated in Sec. 6 hereof and not prohibited by law may file with the COMELEC, through the Clerk of the Commission, a verified petition in ten (10) legible copies, describing the election propaganda sought to be authorized with samples thereof.

Upon receipt of the petition, the Clerk of the Commission shall set it for hearing and shall send notice thereof to the petitioner. On the day following the receipt of the notice of hearing, the petitioner shall cause the publication of the petition, together with the notice of hearing, in two (2) newspapers of general circulation, and shall notify the COMELEC of such action.

If the COMELEC authorizes the use of the requested election propaganda, the authorization shall be published in two (2) newspapers of general circulation within one (1) week after the authorization has been granted.

SECTION 9. Requirements and/or Limitations on the Use of Election Propaganda through Mass Media.- All bona fide candidates shall have equal access to mass media time and space for their election propaganda during the campaign period subject to the following requirements and/or limitations:

### a. Broadcast Election Propaganda

The duration of air time that a candidate or party may use for their broadcast advertisements or election propaganda shall be, as follows:

For Candidates/Registered Political Parties for a National Elective Position	Not more than a total of one hundred twenty (120) minutes of television advertising, on a per station basis, whether appearing on national, regional, or local, free or cable television, and one hundred eighty (180) minutes of radio advertising, on a per station basis, whether airing on national, regional, or local radio, whether by purchase or donation.
For Candidates for a Local Elective Position	Not more than a total of sixty (60) minutes of television advertising, on a per station basis, whether appearing on national, regional, or local, free or cable television, and ninety (90) minutes of radio advertising, on a per station basis, whether airing on national, regional, or local radio, whether by purchase or donation.

In cases where two or more candidates whose names, initials, images, brands, logos, insignias, symbols, or forms of graphical representations are displayed, exhibited, used, or mentioned together in the broadcast election propaganda or advertisements, the length of time during which they appear or are being mentioned or promoted will be counted against the airtime limits allotted for the said candidates or parties.

In like manner, the cost of the length of time during which individual candidates, groups of candidates, or parties appear or are being mentioned or promoted, shall be computed as a fraction of the total cost of the advertisement, and such fraction shall be considered their respective expenditures, to be deducted from the total cost of the advertisement.

The balance shall be counted against the expenditure limits of whoever paid for the advertisements or to whom the said advertisements were donated.

Appearance or guesting by a candidate on any bona fide newscast, bona fide news interview, bona fide news documentary, if the appearance of the candidate is incidental to the presentation of the subject or subjects covered by the news

documentary, or on-the-spot coverage of bona fide news events, including but not limited to events sanctioned by the COMELEC, political conventions, and similar activities, shall not be deemed to be broadcast election propaganda within the meaning of this provision. For purposes of monitoring by the COMELEC and ensuring that parties and candidates were afforded equal opportunities to promote their candidacy, the broadcast media entities shall give prior notice to the COMELEC, through the appropriate Regional Election Director (RED), or in the case of the National Capital Region (NCR), the Education and Information Department (EID). If such prior notice is not feasible or practicable, the notice shall be sent within twenty-four (24) hours from the first broadcast or publication. Nothing in the foregoing sentence shall be construed as relieving broadcasters, in connection with the presentation of newscasts, news interviews, news documentaries, and on-the-spot coverage of news events, from the obligation imposed upon them under Section 11 and 14 of these Rules.

### b. Printed or Published Election Propaganda

The maximum size of print advertisements for each candidate, whether for a national or local elective positions, or party shall be, as follows:

In broadsheets	One fourth (1/4) page
In tabloids	One half (1/2) page

Two or more candidates, political parties, or party-list organizations may cause the publication of coordinated print advertisements, featuring more than one candidate, political party, or party-list organization provided that the size and frequency limitations provided for in this paragraph shall apply to each candidate, political party, or party-list organization appearing, mentioned or promoted in such a coordinated advertisement.

The cost of coordinated print advertisements shall be pro-rated among each candidate, political party, or party-list organization appearing in each advertisement, and shall be reported by them accordingly.

Print advertisements, whether procured by purchase or given free of charge, shall not be published more than three (3) times a week per newspaper, magazine or other publication during the campaign period.

### c. Internet, mobile and social media propaganda

The use of the internet, mobile platforms, and social media for purposes of election propaganda shall be allowed subject to the following guidelines:

- 1. Each registered political party/coalitions and candidate shall register with the Education and Information Department of the COMELEC, the website name and web address of all platform-verified official accounts, websites, blogs and/or other social media pages of such political party or candidate within thirty (30) days from the last day of the period for the filing of the Certificates of Candidacy. Websites completing the verification process after the said period and other social media accounts established after the said period must be registered with the COMELEC-EID within five (5) days from its verification or registration.
- 2. Any other website, blog, or social media page not registered above but which, when taken as a whole, has for its primary purpose the endorsement of a candidate, whether or not directly maintained or

administered by the candidate or their official campaign representatives, shall be considered additional official websites, blogs or social media pages of the said candidate, for all regulatory purposes.

- 3. Only verified accounts, websites, blogs, and/or social media pages may run electoral ads, and boost or promote electoral posts.
- 4. Microtargeting of electoral ads shall not be allowed provided that electoral ads can be targeted using only the following criteria: geographical location, except radius around a specific location; age; and gender; provided further that contextual targeting options may also be used in combination with the above-mentioned criteria.
- 5. Information contained in online campaign propaganda shall be truthful and not misleading, nor shall it tend to unjustifiably cast doubt on the integrity of the electoral process.
- 6. All electoral ads must show a disclosure that identifies who paid for the ad. All electoral posts must show a disclosure that identifies it as a paid electoral ad, and discloses who paid for the ad.

### d. Common requirements and/or limitations:

Any printed or published, and broadcast election propaganda for or against a candidate or group of candidates to any public office shall bear and be identified by the reasonably legible or audible words "political advertisement paid for," followed by the true and correct name and address of the candidate or party for whose benefit the election propaganda was printed or aired. It shall also bear, and be identified by, the reasonably legible, or audible words "political advertisement paid by," followed by the true and correct name and address of the payor. This rule shall also apply to online advertisements.

The notices required in the immediately preceding paragraph shall be considered reasonably legible on printed materials, if it complies with the following:

(i) The notice must be of sufficient type size to be clearly readable by the reader of the information.

A notice in twelve (12)-point type size satisfies the size requirement of this paragraph when it is used for signs, posters, flyers, newspapers, magazines, or other printed material that measure no more than two (2) feet by three (3) feet.

- (ii) The notice must be contained in a printed box, set apart from the other contents of the sign, poster, flyer, or newspaper advertisement.
- (iii) The notice must be printed with a reasonable degree of color contrast between the background and the printed statement. A notice satisfies the color contrast requirement of this paragraph if it is printed in black text on a white background or if the degree of color contrast between the background and the text of the notice is no less than the color contrast between the background and the largest text used in the communication.

The notices required in the immediately preceding paragraph shall be considered reasonably legible on television, if it complies with the following:

- (i) The notice must appear in letters equal to or greater than four (4) percent of the vertical picture height;
- (ii) The notice must be visible for the duration of the broadcast advertisement; and
- (iii) The notice must appear with a reasonable degree of color contrast from the background. A notice satisfies the color contrast requirement of this paragraph if it is displayed in black text on a white background or if the degree of color contrast between the background and the text of the notice is no less than the color contrast between the background and the largest type size used in the communication.

If the space for printed or published election propaganda is donated by the publishing firm, or the airtime for broadcast election propaganda is given free of charge by the radio, or television station or cable television, they shall bear and be identified by the reasonably legible or audible words "printed free of charge," or "airtime for this broadcast was provided free of charge by," respectively, followed by the true and correct name and address of the said publishing firm or broadcast entity. This rule shall also apply to online advertisements.

All broadcast and digital mass media entities shall preserve their broadcast logs or analogous records for a period of five (5) years from the date of broadcast for submission to the COMELEC whenever required.

Certified true copies of broadcast logs, certificates of performance, and certificates of acceptance, or other analogous record shall be submitted, as follows:

Candidates	1st Report	3 weeks after start of campaign period	March 1, 2022
for National 2 <sup>nd</sup> Repo		3 weeks after 1st filing week	March 22, 2022
Positions	3 <sup>rd</sup> Report	1 week before election day	May 2, 2022
	Last Report	Election week	May 13, 2022
Candidates	1st Report	1 week after the start of campaign period	April 1. 2022
for	2 <sup>nd</sup> Report	1 week after 1st filing week	April 8, 2022
Local	3 <sup>rd</sup> Report	Election week	May 13, 2022
Positions	Last Report	1 week after election day	May 16, 2022

For subsequent elections, the schedule for the submission of reports shall be prescribed by the COMELEC.

SECTION 10. Written Acceptance of Election Propaganda and/or Political Advertisements. —Election propaganda materials donated or contributed by any person to a candidate shall not be printed, published or broadcasted, or exhibited, unless they are accompanied by the written acceptance by said candidate or party, through the party treasurer.

Such written acceptance of the donated election propaganda materials must be personal to the candidate or party treasurer, and cannot be delegated to their duly authorized representatives designated to receive donations or contributions.

SECTION 11. Reporting Requirements to be Submitted by Mass Media Entities, Contractors and Business Firms.- Certified true copies of all contracts, reports and receipts, and other documents, accompanied by all its digitization copies, shall be submitted to the CFO through electronic means at <a href="mailto:campaignfinance@comelec.gov.ph">campaignfinance@comelec.gov.ph</a>.

Immediately after filing through email, they shall send the report, through the fastest means available, including mail or service courier, at the following address:

### CAMPAIGN FINANCE OFFICE 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Shipping Center 707 A. Soriano Avenue, Intramuros, Manila.

For those outside NCR, they shall likewise furnish a copy of the report to the Office of the Regional Election Director.

a. For Mass Media Entities: All mass media entities shall furnish the CFO with a certified true copy of all contracts for advertising, promoting or opposing any political party, partylist group or the candidacy of any person for public office within five (5) days after its signing. In every case, it shall be signed by the donor, the candidate concerned or by the duly authorized representative of the political party or partylist group.

It shall also submit a Certified true copy of the broadcast logs, certificate of performance, affidavit of publication or other analogous records that can be generated after broadcast or publication, for review and verification of the frequency, date, time and duration of advertisements aired for candidate, political party or partylist group.

The report shall include contracts that were signed or executed before the start of the campaign period but to be printed, published, exhibited and broadcasted during the campaign period.

A copy of advertising contracts with the Summary Report of Advertising Contracts must be clear and legible and must contain the following information:

- i. the period when the political advertisement is scheduled to be published, broadcasted, or exhibited;
- ii. the date when the contract was entered into:
- the name and signature of the person who placed the advertisement, regardless of whether said person is a contributor or donor, or the duly authorized representative of the candidate or party;
- iv. the name and signature of the candidate or party who will benefit from the advertisement as a sign of acceptance;
- v. the particulars of the political advertisement (e.g. the size of the advertisement as published on periodicals, duration of the advertisement as published on periodicals, duration of the advertisement in terms of airtime, frequency, number of spots, and program or timeslot, etc.);
- vi. the serial number of the official receipt issued to the candidate by the mass media entity; and
- vii. the amount or consideration paid for the advertisement contract.

It must likewise be supported by a copy of the official receipt issued to the contributor or donor, candidate, or representative of political party or partylist group who paid for the advertising contract.

b. For Contractors and Business Firms: Within thirty (30) days after the conduct of the election, every person or firm to whom any electoral expenditure has been made shall file a written Report of Contractors and Business Firms using the prescribed form which shall contain the following information and accompanied with the official receipt issued to the person with whom the contractor or business firm had transacted:

- i. The full name of the candidate who incurred such expenditures;
- ii. The nature or purpose of each expenditure;
- iii. The description of the goods or services provided by the contractor or business firm;
  - iv. The date when the expenses were incurred;
  - v. The amount or cost thereof:
- vi. The serial number of the official receipt, cash invoice, or other BIR-approved document issued.

Reportorial requirements shall apply to all contractors and business firms transacting or doing business in the Philippines, whether or not incorporated under the Philippine laws.

Social media associates including paid digital influencers and online content creators who use social media platforms to promote or defeat the election of any candidate, are considered individual contractors who are subject to reportorial requirements under this Section.

Agencies and other intermediaries between the media outlets or entities producing and placing online political advertisements and the candidate, political party or partylist group shall also submit a similar report.

The form and required contents for filing of the Report of Contractors and Business Firms may be downloaded from the Comelec website.

- c. For Companies Providing Internet-related Services: Within the period provided by law, internet companies which includes social media companies, transacting or doing business in the Philippines, whether or not incorporated under the Philippine laws, which a candidate or party utilize to directly reach out to voters and mobilize support through the use of ads, paid promoted hashtags/trends, shall provide the CFO of the information or documents containing the following:
  - i. The name of the candidate or party in the advertisement;
  - ii. The name of the person or advertising agency /public relations firm who paid the advertisement;
  - iii. Page Name or Account Name or Handle where the advertisement was posted, originated, or uploaded;
  - iv. The particulars of the political advertisement; and
  - v. The amount or cost of the advertisement

SECTION 12. Fair and Accurate Reporting. - All members of the news media, television, radio, print, or online, shall scrupulously report the news, taking care not to suppress essential facts or distort the truth by omission or improper emphasis. They shall recognize the duty to air the other side and the duty to correct substantive errors promptly and without prejudice to the right of said broadcast entities to air accounts of significant news or newsworthy events and views on matters of public interest.

SECTION 13. Prohibition Against Suspension or Other Actions on the Franchise. - No franchise or permit to operate a radio or television station shall be granted or issued, suspended or cancelled during the election period-

SECTION 14. COMELEC Space and Time for Announcement of Candidates. – The COMELEC shall procure print space and airtime as follows:

### a. Print Space

The COMELEC, through the EID, shall procure print space upon payment of just compensation from at least three (3) national newspapers of general circulation, wherein candidates for national office can announce their candidacies. Such space shall be allocated free of charge equally and impartially among all candidates for national office on three different calendar days, as follows:

1st day	Within the first week of the campaign period
2 <sup>nd</sup> day	Within the fifth week of the campaign period
3 <sup>rd</sup> day	Within the tenth week of the campaign period

#### b. Airtime

The COMELEC shall, through the EID, also procure free airtime from at least three (3) national and local television networks and three (3) national and local radio networks wherein candidates for national and local office can announce their candidacies.

Airtime shall be allocated free of charge equally and impartially to all candidates for national office on three (3) different calendar days, as follows:

	1st day	Within the first week of the campaign period	
Ī	2 <sup>nd</sup> day	Within the fifth week of the campaign period	
Ī	3 <sup>rd</sup> day	Within the tenth week of the campaign period	

Each advertisement shall be for a maximum duration of thirty (30) seconds, or in the form of interviews or campaign speeches at time limits to be set by the COMELEC in consultation with the said candidates or the parties.

Costs of production for political advertisements shall be borne by the candidate or political party, but the speeches or interviews shall be free of charge and the moderator shall be a COMELEC Official, or one designated by the COMELEC for the purpose.

#### c. E-Rallies

The COMELEC, thru the EID shall provide a platform for free livestreaming of Erallies of national candidates. E-rally airtime shall be allotted to each Presidential, Vice-Presidential, and Senatorial candidate, as well as to each Party-List Organization participating in the 2022 National and Local Candidates.

Presidential	10 minutes	3 slots/night
Vice-Presidential	10 minutes	3 slots/night
Senatorial	3 minutes	5 slots/night
Party-List	3 minutes	5 slots/night
Organization		
Political Parties	10 minutes	3 slots/night

Live streaming of e-rallies shall be conducted every night, beginning February 8, 2022, on the official social media channels of the COMELEC.

At the start of the Election Period, the EID shall release a schedule of erally time slots. There shall be three presidential and three vice presidential 10-minute slots every night. In addition, there shall be 5 senatorial 3-minute slots; and 10 PL 3-minute slots, per night.

The slots shall be assigned at random, based on the results of televised raffle of slots. The raffle shall take place on the 8th of January 2022.

The e-rally livestreams shall be posted on the COMELEC's official social media pages. During each livestream, the candidate will be allowed to see live comments to his livestream. The candidate may or may not respond to live comments.

SECTION 15. Space and Time for COMELEC Information Dissemination. – The COMELEC shall furthermore procure print space and air time as follows:

## a. Print Space

The COMELEC shall, through the RED, or in the case of the NCR, the EID, upon payment of just compensation, procure print space in at least one (1) newspaper of general circulation in every province or city which shall be known as "COMELEC Space" to be utilized exclusively for public information dissemination on election-related concerns. In the absence of said newspaper of general circulation, publication shall be done in any other magazine or periodical in the province or city.

#### b. Airtime

The COMELEC shall, through the RED, or in the case of the NCR, the EID, also procure airtime free of charge in at least one (1) major broadcasting station or entity in every province or city which shall be known as "COMELEC Time" to be utilized exclusively for public information dissemination on election-related concerns. In the absence of a major station or entity, broadcasting shall be done in any radio or television station in the province or city.

Each radio, television or broadcasting station chosen by the RED or the EID shall provide sixty (60) minutes daily.

SECTION 16. National Debates. – National television and radio networks shall sponsor at least three (3) national debates among presidential candidates and at least one (1) national debate among vice-presidential candidates. The debates among presidential candidates shall be scheduled on three different calendar days:

1st Debate	Within the first and second week of the campaign period for national position
2nd Debate	Within the fifth and sixth week of the campaign period for national position
3rd Debate	Within the tenth and eleventh week of the campaign period for national position

The sponsoring television or radio network may sell airtime for commercials and advertisements to interested advertisers and sponsors. The COMELEC shall promulgate rules and regulations for the holding of such debates.

SECTION 17. Right to Reply. - All registered parties and candidates shall have the right to reply to charges published or aired against them. The reply shall be given publicity by the newspaper, television, and/or radio station which first printed or aired the charges with the same prominence or in the same page or section, or in the same time slot as the first statement.

Registered parties and candidates may invoke the right to reply by submitting within a non-extendible period of thirty-six (36) hours from first broadcast or publication, a formal verified claim against the mass media entity to the COMELEC, through the appropriate RED, or in the case of the NCR, the EID. The claim shall include a detailed enumeration of the circumstances and occurrences which warrant the invocation of the right of reply and must be accompanied by supporting evidence, such as a copy of the publication or recording of the television or radio broadcast, as the case may be. The claimant must likewise furnish a copy of the verified claim and its attachments to the mass media entity concerned prior to the filing of the claim with the COMELEC.

The COMELEC, through the appropriate RED or the EID, shall review the formal verified claim within thirty-six (36) hours from receipt thereof, and if circumstances warrant, endorse the same to the mass media entity involved, which shall, within twenty-four (24) hours, submit its report to the RED or EID, as the case maybe, explaining the action it has taken to address the claim. The mass media entity must likewise furnish a copy of the said report to the claimant invoking the right to reply. Should the claimant insist that his/her right to reply was not addressed, he/she may file the appropriate petition and/or complaint before the Office of the Clerk of the Commission.

SECTION 18. Rates for Political Propaganda.<sup>4</sup> - During the election period, media outlets shall give registered political parties and bona fide candidates a discounted rate for their election propaganda from the average of the published rates charged in the last three (3) calendar years prior to the election, as follows:

- a. For television Fifty percent (50%);
- b. For radio Forty percent (40%);
- c. For print Ten percent (10%)

In no case shall rates charged to registered political parties and bona fide candidates be higher than rates charged to non-political advertisers.

Media outlets may give discounts higher than the above-mentioned rates. Provided, that the discount given to one candidate shall be the same given to other candidates for the same position.

For this purpose, media outlets shall submit on January 7, 2022 the average published rates charged in the last three calendar years prior to this elections.

It shall also submit a certification to the CFO that the above discounted rates or higher discounted rates were applied in charging the political parties, party list groups and coalitions or bona fide candidates on their election propaganda.

SECTION 19. Regulation of Election Propaganda through Mass Media. - In all instances, the COMELEC shall supervise the use and employment of press, radio, online, and television facilities insofar as the placement of political advertisements is concerned to ensure that candidates are given equal opportunity under equal circumstances to make known their qualifications and their stand on public issues within the limits set forth in the Omnibus Election Code, the Fair Election Act, and these Rules.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Commission on Elections, COMELEC Resolution No. 10517, Rules and Regulations Implementing the Fair Election Act in Relation to the May 11, 2019 Elections and Subsequent Elections, Republic Act No. 9006, (2019). See also Republic Act No. 11207

SECTION 20. Posting of Campaign Materials. – Parties and candidates may post lawful campaign material in:

- a. Authorized common poster areas in public places, subject to the requirements and/or limitations set forth in the next following section; and
- b. Private property, provided that the posting has the consent of the owner thereof and that the applicable provisions of Section 6 herein are complied with.

The posting of campaign materials in public places outside of the designated common poster areas, on private property without the consent of the owner, or in violation of Section 6 hereof, and in those places enumerated under Section 7 (f) of these Rules and the like, is prohibited. Persons posting the same shall be liable together with the candidates and other persons who caused the posting. It will be presumed that the candidates and parties caused the posting of campaign materials outside the common poster areas if they do not remove the same within three (3) days from notice issued by the Election Officer of the city or municipality where the election propaganda is posted or displayed. (Annex "D" of COMELEC Resolution 9616, series of 2013)

Members of the PNP and other law enforcement agencies called upon by the Election Officer or other COMELEC officials may file the appropriate charges against the violators of this Section.

SECTION 21. Common Poster Areas. —Parties and independent candidates may, upon authority of the COMELEC, through the City or Municipal Election Officer concerned, construct common poster areas, at their expense, wherein they can post, display, or exhibit their election propaganda to announce or further their candidacy subject to the following requirements and/or limitations:

- a. A common poster area does not refer to a post, a tree, the wall of a building or an existing public structure that is in active use, but a structure, the location and number of which are specified below, that is temporarily set up by the candidates for the exclusive purpose of displaying their campaign posters;
- b. In no instance shall an Election Officer designate as common poster areas, any trees, plants, shrubs located along public roads, in plazas, parks, school premises or in any other public grounds. In cases where parties and candidates still persist in displaying, posting, or exhibiting their campaign or election propaganda on trees and plants, they shall be prosecuted for violation of these Rules, without prejudice to the institution of a criminal complaint for the violation of Republic Act No. 3571<sup>5</sup>;
- c. Each party and independent candidate, with prior consent from the COMELEC, may put up common poster areas in every barangay, subject to the following limitations:

5,000 registered voters or less	1 common poster area
For every increment of 5,000 registered voters, or a	1 additional common poster
fraction thereof, thereafter	area

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> An Act to Prohibit the Cutting, Destroying or Injuring of Planted or Growing Trees, Flowering Plants and Shrubs or Plants of Scenic Value Along Public Roads, in Plazas, Parks, School Premises or in Any Other Public Pleasure Ground, Republic Act 3571 (1963).

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- d. Such common poster areas shall be allowed by the Election Officer only in selected public places such as plazas, markets, barangay centers and the like, where posters may be readily seen or read, and with the heaviest pedestrian and/or vehicular traffic in the city or municipality;
- e. The Election Officer shall make, and post in his office, a list of the common poster areas in each city or legislative district in said city or municipality, indicating therein their exact locations, and furnish each political party or candidate copies of said list at the latter's expense, and also the Provincial Election Supervisor and the EID Director;
- f. The Election Officer shall comply with his obligations in the immediately preceding paragraph not later than five (5) days before the start of the campaign period and failure to do so shall make him liable for gross neglect of duty;
- g. The size of each common poster area for candidates shall not exceed the following dimensions:
  - 1. For political parties and party-list groups twelve (12) by sixteen (16) feet, or its equivalent but not exceeding a total area of 192 square feet; and
  - 2. For independent candidates four (4) by six (6) feet or its equivalent but not exceeding a total area of twenty four (24) square feet.
- h. The sizes of individual posters that may be posted in each common poster area shall not exceed two (2) by three (3) feet. However, in case of space limitations, posters of candidates of political parties may be reduced to a uniform size to accommodate all candidates. This regulation is also violated by making single letters of names having the maximum size or lesser and then putting them together to form a size exceeding two (2) by three (3) feet;
- i. The common poster areas allocated to parties and independent candidates shall not be used by other parties and independent candidates even with the consent of the former;
- j. The common poster areas put up for party-list groups, organizations and/or coalitions thereof shall be allocated at the ratio of one (1) common poster area for every thirty-two (32) party-list groups, organizations and/or coalitions thereof;
- k. In case there are less than thirty-two (32) party-list groups, organizations and/or coalitions, applying to put up common poster areas, the Election Officer concerned shall reduce the size of the common poster area depending on the total number of applicants thereof, provided that each group is entitled to post one two (2) feet by three (3) feet poster;
- I. In case there are more than thirty-two (32) party-list groups, organizations and/or coalitions applying to put up the common poster areas, the Election Officer concerned shall determine the appropriate number and size of common poster areas to equitably accommodate the total number of applicants, subject to the provisions of the immediately two (2) preceding paragraphs;
- m. Parties and independent candidates shall file their applications to construct common poster areas with the Office of the City/Municipal Election Officer concerned within five (5) days from the effectivity of this Resolution; otherwise they must accept the listing prepared by the Election Officer;
- n. Within five (5) days after the elections and without need of notice, the parties and candidates who applied for the putting up of common poster areas shall tear down the same at their own expense and restore the site into its original

condition. Non-performance of this obligation shall be deemed a violation of the law and regulation on the observance of common poster areas for which the candidate or party concerned shall be liable;

- o. No lawful election propaganda materials shall be allowed outside the common poster areas except on private property with the consent of the owner or in such other places mentioned in these Rules and must comply with the allowable size (2ft x 3ft) requirements for posters. Any violation hereof shall be punishable as an election offense;
- p. In all cases, the parties shall agree among themselves how their individual posters in the common poster areas shall be placed. In case no agreement is reached, the Election Officer concerned shall determine said placement by drawing of lots.
- q. The Election Officer shall act on all applications for common poster areas within three (3) days from receipt thereof. For this purpose, he shall determine whether the proposed common poster area sites are public places with heavy pedestrian or vehicular traffic, or business or commercial centers, or densely populated areas, and equitably and impartially allocate the sites to ensure maximum exposure of the lawful propaganda materials of all parties and independent candidates.
- r. Any party or independent candidate aggrieved by the action of the Election Officer may appeal the same within two (2) days from receipt of the order of said Election Officer to:
  - 1. The Provincial Election Supervisors (PES); or
  - 2. The Regional Election Director (RED), in the case of the National Capital Region (NCR).
- s. The Provincial Election Supervisor (PES) or Regional Election Director (RED) concerned shall decide the appeal within two (2) days from receipt thereof, furnishing copies of the decision to the parties concerned and to the Law Department of the COMELEC. The decision shall be final and executory.

SECTION 22. Establishment of Headquarters. – Every registered political party, sectoral organization or coalition participating in the party-list system or candidate may be allowed to establish a limited number of headquarters subject to the following limitations:

- a. A registered party with national constituency and a national candidate may establish one (1) headquarters in each province or highly urbanized city:
- b. A registered political party with regional constituency may establish one (1) headquarters in each province or highly urbanized city in the region;
- c. A registered political party with provincial constituency and a provincial candidate may be allowed to establish one (1) headquarters in each municipality;
- d. Congressional candidates may be allowed to establish one (1) headquarters in the legislative district they seek to represent. Should their legislative district be composed of several municipalities, they may be allowed to establish one (1) headquarters per municipality;
- e. City candidates may be allowed to establish one (1) headquarters per councilor district;
- f. Municipal candidates may be allowed to establish one (1) headquarters for the entire municipality.

g. Lawful election propaganda may be displayed at headquarters subject to the limitations provided in Sec. 7 (g) hereof.

SECTION 23. Submission of List of Location of Headquarters. – All parties and candidates shall submit within five (5) days from their establishment, the list showing the specific locations and addresses of all their headquarters, to the following offices:

- a. National parties and candidates Law Department and EID
- b. Provincial parties and candidates Provincial Election Supervisor
- c. City and Municipal parties and candidates Election Officer
- d. Parties and Candidates in the NCR Regional Election Director

The Official of the COMELEC in paragraph b, c, and d to whom the list of headquarters is submitted shall furnish copies thereof to the Law Department and the EID, within five (5) days from the receipt of the list.

SECTION 24. Headquarters Signboard. - Before the start of the campaign period, only one (1) signboard, not exceeding three (3) feet by eight (8) feet in size, identifying the place as the headquarters of the party or candidates is allowed to be displayed. Parties may put up the signboard announcing their headquarters not earlier than five (5) days before the start of the campaign period. Individual candidates may put up the signboard announcing their headquarters not earlier than the start of the campaign period. Only lawful election propaganda material may be displayed or posted therein and only during the campaign period.

SECTION 25. Prohibition on the Removal, Destruction or Defacement of Lawful Election Propaganda. - During the campaign period, it is unlawful for any person to remove, destroy, take down or, in any manner, deface or tamper with, or prevent the distribution of any lawful election propaganda enumerated in Section 6 hereof.

SECTION 26. Removal, Confiscation, or Destruction of Prohibited Propaganda Materials. - Any prohibited form of election propaganda shall be stopped, confiscated, removed, destroyed, or torn down by COMELEC representatives, at the expense of the candidate or political party for whose apparent benefit the prohibited election propaganda materials have been produced, displayed, and disseminated.

Any person, party, association, government agency may likewise report to the COMELEC any prohibited form of election propaganda for confiscation, removal, destruction and/or prevention of the distribution of any propaganda material on the ground that the same is illegal, as listed under Section 7 of this Resolution.

The COMELEC may, *motu proprio*, immediately order the removal, destruction and/or confiscation of any prohibited propaganda material, or those materials which contain statements or representations that are illegal.

SECTION 27. Creation of Task Force to Tear Down and Remove Unlawful Election Materials. - There is hereby created a task force in each city and municipality, to tear down and remove all unlawful election materials composed of the Election Officer as Chairman, the Chief of Police of the Philippine National Police (PNP) as Vice Chairman, and a representative from the Department of Public Works and Highways (DPWH) and Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) as Member. For NCR, a representative from the Metro Manila Development Authority (MMDA) shall also be

designated as Member. The Chairman of the Task Force may include other agencies or organizations deputized by the COMELEC in the Task Force.

The Task Force shall have the following duties and functions:

- a. To tear down and remove campaign propaganda materials posted in public places outside the common poster areas;
- b. To tear down and remove all prohibited forms of campaign materials wherever posted or displayed;
- c. To monitor and watch out for persons posting or distributing said unlawful election paraphernalia; and
- d. To submit a report of said activities to the Office of the Regional Election Director (ORED).

SECTION 28. Removal, Confiscation, or Destruction of Prohibited Propaganda Materials. – Any prohibited form of election propaganda shall be summarily stopped, confiscated, removed, destroyed, or torn down by COMELEC representatives, at the expense of the candidate or political party for whose apparent benefit the prohibited election propaganda materials have been produced, displayed, and disseminated.

The Election Officer shall immediately prepare a notice to candidate or party of their violation on this section. Failure to remove the same within seventy-two (72) hours from notice, such candidate or party is presumed to be the owner or the person who causes such violation.

Any person, party, association, government agency may file with the COMELEC, through its field office, a petition to confiscate, remove, destroy and/or stop the distribution of any propaganda material on the ground that the same is offensive to public morals, libelous, illegal, or subversive.

The COMELEC, after summary hearing shall resolve the petition within three (3) days from the time it is submitted for decision. Where the parties concerned cannot be contacted or are unknown or refuse to appear at the hearing, the COMELEC may decide the petition ex parte.

The COMELEC, may motu proprio, immediately order the removal, destruction and/or confiscation of any prohibited

SECTION 29. Removal of Prohibited Propaganda Materials Before the Start of the Campaign Period. - All prohibited forms of election propaganda as described in Section 7 of these Rules shall be immediately removed, or caused to be removed, by said candidate or party before the start of the campaign period.

The prohibited forms of propaganda contemplated in this Section include any names, images, logos, brands, insignias, initials, and other forms of identifiable graphical representations placed by incumbent officials on any public structures or places as enumerated in Section 7 (g) of these Rules.

SECTION 30. *Election Surveys.* - During the election period, any person, whether natural or juridical, candidate or organization may conduct an election survey. Should they decide to publish the said survey for public consumption, they must likewise publish the following information:

- a. The name of the person, candidate, party or organization that commissioned, paid for, or subscribed to the survey;
- b. The name of the person, polling firm or survey organization who conducted the survey;
- c. The period during which the survey was conducted, the methodology used, including the number of individual respondents and the areas from which they were selected, and the specific questions asked;
- d. The margin of error of the survey;
- e. For each question where the margin of error is greater than that reported under paragraph d, the margin of error for that question; and
- f. A mailing address and telephone number at which the sponsor can be contacted to obtain a written report regarding the survey in accordance with the next succeeding paragraph.

The survey together with the raw data gathered to support its conclusions shall be available for inspection, copying and verification by the COMELEC. Any violation of this Section shall constitute an election offense.

SECTION 31. Exit Polls. - Exit polls may only be taken subject to the following requirements:

- a. Pollster shall not conduct their surveys within thirty (30) meters from the voting center;
- b. Pollsters shall wear distinctive clothing and prominently wear their identification cards issued by the organization they represent;
- c. Pollsters shall inform the voters that they may refuse to answer; and
- d. The results of the exit polls may be announced after the closing of the polls on election day, and must identify the total number of respondents, and the places where they were taken. Said announcement shall state that the same is unofficial and does not represent a trend.
- e. Both the pollster and the voter asked shall wear face mask and face shield during the entire interview;
- f. The polls shall be conducted without the pollster and the voter touching each other.
- g. Pollster must ask only short and necessary questions strictly observing at least one meter physical distancing;
- h. Polls shall be done in strict observance of proper respiratory (sneeze and cough) etiquette;
- i. Voter shall go immediately leave the place after the conduct of the exit polls;
- j. The conduct of the exit polls shall not block the ingress to and egress from the voting center of other voters or cause any traffic of either car or people or crowding of people; and
- k. Both pollster and voter shall strictly observe the minimum public health standards and protocols based on the level of quarantine status prevailing in the geographical area concerned at the time of the conduct of the exit polls.

SECTION 32. Application for Permit to Hold Public Meetings, Rallies or Other Political Activities. - All applications for permits to hold public meetings, rallies and other similar political activities shall be filed with the authorized city or municipal official who shall acknowledge receipt thereof in writing. Immediately after its filing, the application shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the city hall or municipal building.

The official before whom the application is filed shall submit to the Election Officer concerned on the first working day of each week the list of applications, if any, filed during the previous week and the action taken thereon.

SECTION 33. Action on Application for Permit. - Within three (3) days after the filing of an application for permit to hold public meetings, rallies or other political activities, the local authority concerned shall act in writing on said application. Any application not acted upon within three (3) days from the date of its filing shall be deemed approved.

In acting on the application, the approving official shall give all candidates and parties equal and fair opportunity as to date, time and place, to hold public political meetings or rallies. In the last week of the campaign period, all independent candidates and parties shall be entitled to hold at least one public meeting or rally, in the public plaza or place where public political meetings or rallies are usually held.

An application for permit shall be denied only on the ground that a prior written application by another candidate or party has been approved. Denial of any application may be appealed to the Provincial Election Supervisor or to the Regional Election Director, for cases in the National Capital Region, who shall decide the same within forty-eight (48) hours after the filing of the appeal, and shall give notice of the decision to the parties. The decision shall be final and executory.

SECTION 34. Affidavit of Compliance with Health Protocols. – Within 24 hours after the conclusion of any in-person campaign activity, the campaign organizing staff shall submit a notarized Affidavit of Compliance with Health Protocols to the COMELEC with territorial jurisdiction over the place where the in-person campaign activity was conducted.

Failure to submit an Affidavit of Compliance with Health Protocols shall constitute non-cooperation of the person or entities punishable under Section 9 par. (d) or (e), as the case may be, of Republic Act No. 11332, otherwise known as the Mandatory Reporting of Notifiable Diseases and Health Events of Public Health Concern Act, and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. (As introduced by Paragraph C of IATF Resolution no. 106-B, March 28, 2021)

SECTION 35. Prohibited Acts During Public Meetings. - It is unlawful for any candidate, party or any person to give or accept, free of charge, directly or indirectly, transportation, food and drinks, or anything of value during and within the five (5) hours before and after a public meeting, or to give or contribute, directly or indirectly, money or things of value for such purpose.

It shall likewise be unlawful for any candidate, party, or any person to act in a manner that violate the minimum health and safety protocols, and other applicable guidelines prescribed by the COMELEC and the Inter-Agency Task Force on Emerging Infectious Diseases.

**SECTION 36.** *E-rallies and Livestreams Allowed.* - Any political party or any candidate, individually or jointly with other aspirants, may hold peaceful online political meetings, rallies or other similar activities during the campaign period. Such online political meetings, rallies, and similar activities are not covered by the limitations on broadcast advertising.

Live streaming on the candidates' social media platforms shall be considered a form of e-rally, subject to the following rules:

- a. All e-rallies shall include a disclosure that identifies it as a political meeting or rally, confirms compliance with minimum health protocols, and providing the relevant date, time, and location information. For this purpose, a live stream on the candidate's social media platforms shall be considered a political meeting or rally.
- b. Recordings of e-rallies shall be submitted to the Education and Information Department of the COMELEC within 72 hours from the airing of the same.
- c. Candidates may receive in-platform gifts and game currency but shall not be allowed to give gifts to livestream audiences, nor to run promotions and campaigns that will award in-platform gifts or game currency to platform users and livestream audiences.

SECTION 37. Mass Media Columnist, Announcer or Personality Running for Public Office or is a Campaign Volunteer. - Any mass media columnist, commentator, announcer, or reporter who is a candidate for any elective public office, a party-list nominee, or is a campaign volunteer for or employed or retained in any capacity by any candidate or party shall be deemed resigned, if so required by their employer, or shall take a leave of absence from his/her work as such during the campaign period; Provided, that after he/she has filed his certificate of candidacy but before the campaign period, it shall be his/her obligation not to use his media work for premature election campaign or partisan political activity: Provided, finally, that any media practitioner who, while not himself a candidate, is an official of a political party or a member of the campaign staff of a candidate or party shall not use his/her time or space to favor any candidate or party.

SECTION 38. Deputation - The COMELEC hereby deputizes the Philippine Information Agency (PIA) and enlist the assistance of Kapisanan ng mga Brodkasters ng Pilipinas (KBP), to assist the Commission, in coordination with the EID, in the dissemination of these Rules.

The COMELEC hereby deputizes local government units (LGUs), the Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG), the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR), the Department of Public Works and Highways (DPWH) and the Metro Manila Development Authority (MMDA) to assist the Commission in removing and tearing down of unlawful election propaganda materials without any partiality and to provide facilities and/or equipment necessary in tearing down of illegal propaganda materials and perform such other duties and functions as the Commission may prescribe from time to time.

SECTION 39. Applicability to Filipino Overseas Voting. – This Resolution shall apply in a suppletory character wherever applicable to all resolutions on campaigning abroad under Republic Act No. 91896, as amended by Republic Act 105907. The rules on campaigning for abroad shall be issued separately.

Section 40. Covid-19 Preventive Measures, Health and Safety Protocols. The following measures and those issued pursuant to the guidelines published by the National Government, DOH, IATF-EID / MEID and Local Government Unit concerned, shall be observed at all times in all activities covered by this Resolution, including, but not limited to:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> An Act Providing for a System of Overseas Absentee Voting by Qualified Citizens of the Philippines Abroad, Appropriating Funds Therefor, and for Other Purposes [The Overseas Absentee Voting Act of 2003], Republic Act 9189 (2003) (as amended).

- 1. Wearing of face mask and face shield;
- 2. One-meter physical distancing;
- 3. Frequent disinfection of hands: and
- 4. Proper cough and sneezing etiquette.

SECTION 41. *Election Offense.* - Any violation of Fair Elections Act and these Rules shall constitute an election offense punishable under the first and second paragraph of Section 264 of the Omnibus Election Code and other pertinent laws, rules and regulations, whenever applicable. The Commission shall, through its duly authorized legal officers, have the power, concurrent with other prosecuting arms of the government, to conduct preliminary investigation of all election offenses and prosecute the same.

SECTION 42. *Effectivity.* - This Resolution shall take effect on the seventh (7<sup>th</sup>) day after its publication in two (2) daily newspapers of general circulation in the Philippines. This Resolution supersedes all previous resolutions inconsistent herewith.

SECTION 43. *Publication and Dissemination*. - The Education and Information Department shall cause the publication of this Resolution in at least two (2) daily newspapers of general circulation in the Philippines, post the resolution in the COMELEC website, and furnish copies thereof to all field offices of the COMELEC.

SO ORDERED.

SHERIFF M. ABAS Chairman

MA. ROWENA AMELIA V. GUANZON Commissioner SOCORRO B. INTING Commissioner

MARLON S. CASQUEJO Commissioner ANTONIO T. KHO, JR. *Commissioner* 

AIMEE P. FEROLINO Commissioner

#### **CERTIFICATION**

**APPROVED** by the Commission En Banc during its regular online meeting on **November 17**, **2021**, pursuant to Comelec Resolution No. 10671, "Supplemental Resolution No. 9936 promulgated March 25, 2015, Rule on the Enactment and Promulgation of Executive or Administrative Resolutions providing for other format of meetings to include online meetings applicable in times of the COVID-19 pandemic and the imposition of Community Quarantines and similar emergency situations."

ATTY. CONSUELO B. DIOLA
Acting Comelec Secretary



## Republic of the Philippines **COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS** Manila

IN THE MATTER PRESCRIBING CALENDAR OF ACTIVITIES INTING, SOCORRO B., AND PERIODS OF CERTAIN CASQUEJO, MARLON S., PROHIBITED ACTS CONNECTION WITH MAY 09, 2022 NATIONAL AND LOCAL ELECTIONS.

OF ABAS, SHERIFF M., THE GUANZON, MA. ROWENA AMELIA V., IN KHO, ANTONIO JR. T., THE FEROLINO-AMPOLOQUIO, Aimee P.

Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner

Commissioner

Chairman

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Promulgated: February 10, 2021

# **RESOLUTION NO. 10695**

Pursuant to the powers vested in it by the Constitution of the Republic of the Philippines, the Omnibus Election Code (B.P. Blg. 881), Republic Acts No. 6646, 7166, 8189, 8436, 9189, 9369,10756 and other election laws, the Commission on Elections (Commission) RESOLVED to prescribe the following calendar of activities and periods of prohibited acts in connection with the May 9, 2022 national and local elections:

DATE/PERIOD	ACTIVITIES	PROHIBITED ACTS
March 31, 2021 (Wednesday)	Last day for filing of petitions for registration and manifestation of intent to participate of REGISTERING party-list groups, coalitions or organizations.	
March 31, 2021 (Wednesday)	Last day for filing of manifestation of intent to participate of EXISTING party-list groups, coalitions or organizations.	
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April 30, 2021 (Friday) Last day for filing of petitions for registration of political parties.

May 9, 2021 (Sunday) to August 7, 2022 (Sunday) Transfer, promotion, extension, recall otherwise movement of officer or member of the foreign service corps from the current post position, (Section 35, of the Overseas Voting Act of 2013).

#### DATE/PERIOD

#### **ACTIVITIES**

**PROHIBITED ACTS** 

May 31, 2021 (Monday)

Last day for filing of petitions for registration of coalition of political parties.

August 15, 2021 (Sunday)\*

\*Deadline will be the next working day

Last day of currently registered political parties or coalition of political parties to submit a Sworn Information Update Statement (SIUS). (See Comelec Resolution No. 10411 dated July 31, 2018)

August 31, 2021 (Tuesday)

Last day for overseas voters to file application for transfer of registration records from the overseas registry to the local registry. (Sec. 4, Comelec Resolution No. 10619 dated November 6, 2019).

September 1, 2021 (Wednesday) to September 28, 2021 (Tuesday)

Holding of political conventions by political parties to select and nominate official candidates for all elective positions, (Sec. 15, R.A. 8436 as amended by Sec. 13, RA No. 9369 in relation to Section 29 R.A. 6646 and Section 28, R.A. 8436.

September 30, 2021 (Thursday)

Last day to submit List of Authorized Signatories with Specimen Signatures from political parties/coalitions.

September 30, 2021 (Thursday)

Last day of filing of applications for voters registration under the system of continuing registration for purposes of the May 9, 2022 National and Local Elections. (See Comelec Resolution No. 10549, Section 4 dated July 18, 2019 and Resolution No. 10635 dated January 2, 2020)

September 30, 2021 (Thursday)

Last day for overseas voters to file applications for registration / certification as overseas voters, transfer of registration records from one Post to another Post (10619)

September 30, 2021 (Thursday)

Last day for overseas voter who transfer form one residence to another within the same Post and Country, to update address. (Sec. 4, Comelec Resolution No. 10619 dated November 6, 2019).

October 1, 2021 (Friday) to October 8, 2021 (Friday) \*including Sat and Sun

Filing of Certificate of Candidacy for all elective positions and Filing of Certificate of Nomination and Acceptance

October 1, 2021 (Friday) to October 8, 2021 (Friday) \*including Sat and Sun Filing of List of Nominees, Certificate of Nomination and Certificate of Acceptance of Nomination and Affidavit of Existing Party-List Groups, Coalitions and Organizations. (Resolution approved on January 13, 2021)

# DATE/PERIOD

#### **ACTIVITIES**

#### **PROHIBITED ACTS**

October 29, 2021 (Friday)

Start of posting of the tentative list of candidates at the Comelec Website and at the offices where the COCs were filed, for the aspirants to check their names to appear on the official ballot.

October 29, 2021 (Friday)

Last day to file request for change/correction/transfer of voting center.

November 8, 2021 (Monday)

Last day to file a request for correction on the name to appear on the ballot.

November 15, 2021 (Monday)

Last day of substitution of party-list nominees by reason of withdrawal.

November 15, 2021 (Monday)

Last day to file petition for exclusion of an overseas voter from the National Registry of Overseas Voters (NROV)

November 15, 2021 (Monday)

Last day for the substitute of an official candidate of a political party or coalition who withdrew, died or was disqualified by final judgment, to file certificate of candidacy in order to reflect the name of the substitute on the official ballot.

November 16, 2021 (Tuesday) up to mid-day of Election Day Period within which the substitute of an official candidate of a political party or coalition, who died or was disqualified by final judgement may file certificate of candidacy, provided that the substitute candidate and the substituted candidate have the same surname.

November 29, 2021 (Monday)

Last day for the Commission to announce the specific mode of overseas voting per country/post. (Sec. 23, R.A. 10590).

November 30, 2021 (Tuesday)

Last day to publish of the Approved List of Nominees by the EID

December 6, 2021 (Monday)

Last day to conduct raffle of accredited party-list group for purposes of determining the order of their listing in the official ballot.

January 03, 2022 (Monday) to January 31, 2022 (Monday)

Constitution of Board of Canvassers (BOCs) and Electoral Boards (EBs), DepEd Supervising Officers (DESOs) and Support Staff).

January 9, 2022 (Sunday) to June 08, 2022 (Wednesday) **ELECTION PERIOD** 

Alteration of territory of a precinct or establishment of a new precinct. (Section 5, R.A. 8189)

#### **ACTIVITIES**

## **PROHIBITED ACTS**

Transfer or movement of officers and employees in the civil service (Sec. 261 (h), Omnibus Election Code).

Bearing, carrying or transporting firearms or other deadly weapons, unless authorized in writing by the Commission. (Sec. 32, R.A. 7166).

Use of security personnel or bodyguards by candidate unless authorized in writing by the Commission. (Section 33, R.A. 7166)

Organization or maintenance of reaction forces, strike forces or other similar forces. (Section 261 (u), OEC).

Suspension of elective local officials. (Sec. 261 (x), OEC).

January 10, 2022 (Monday)

Last day to prepare and update Certified List of Overseas Voters (CLOV) and furnish copies to the PHL embassies, consulates and other foreign service establishments abroad. (Sec. 48, Comelec Resolution No. 10619 dated November 6, 2019).

January 17, 2022 (Monday) to January 31, 2022 (Monday)

Constitution of Special Board of Election Inspectors (SBEIs). Special Ballot Reception and Custody Groups (SBRCGs) and Special Board of Canvassers (SBOCs) for overseas voting.

January 21, 2022 (Friday)

Last day to file petition for inclusion of voters in the permanent list of voters. (Section 34, Republic Act NO. 8189, Resolution No. 10549, Section 52).

January 28, 2022 (Friday)

Last day to file petition for the exclusion of voters in the permanent list of voters. (Section 35, Republic act No. 8189 Resolution No. 10549, Section 53).

DATE/PERIOD	ACTIVITIES	PROHIBITED ACTS
February 3, 2022 (Thursday)	Last day for ERB Meeting to certify the list of voters. (Section 54 of Comelec Resolution No. 10549 dated July 18, 2019 in relation to Comelec Resolution NO. 10188 dates July 19, 2017).	
February 8, 2022 (Tuesday)	Posting of the certified list of voters. (Sec. 30, R.A. 8189)	
February 8, 2022 (Tuesday) to May 7, 2022 (Saturday)	Campaign period for candidates for President, Vice-President, Senator and party-list groups participating in the party-list system of representation. (Section 5 (a) R.R 7166 and Section 4, R.A. 7941).	Campaigning on April 14, 2022 (Thursday) and April 15, 2022 (Good Friday)
February 8, 2022 (Tuesday) to May 9, 2022 (Monday)		Giving donations or gift in cash or in kind etc. (Section 104, OEC).
February 8, 2022 (Tuesday) to May 9, 2022 (Monday)		Appointment or use of special policemen, confidential agents and the like. (Section 261 (m), OEC)
March 7, 2022 (Monday)	Last day to file application to avail of local absentee voting.	
March 10, 2022 (Thursday)	Last day for the CLAV to receive application forms for local absentee voting.	
March 10, 2022 (Thursday) to June 8, 2022 (Wednesday)		Illegal release of prisoners. (Section 261 (n), OEC).
March 14, 2022 (Monday)	Last day to post notice of the date, time and place of testing and sealing of VCMs for overseas voting.	
March 14, 2022 (Monday)	Last day to notify the SBEIs concerned of the date, time and place of the testing and sealing of the VCMs for overseas voting.	
March 21, 2022 (Monday) to March 28, 2022 (Monday)	Testing and sealing of VCMs for overseas voting in selected Posts/countries. (Section 12, R.A. 9369 in relation to Section 28, R. A. 8436).	
March 25, 2022 (Friday) to May 7, 2022 (Saturday)	Campaign period for candidates for Member House of Representatives, and elective regional, provincial, city, municipal officials. (Section 5 (b), R.A. 7166)	Campaigning on April 14, 2022 (Thursday) and April 15, 2022 (Good Friday)

### DATE/PERIOD **ACTIVITIES** PROHIBITED ACTS March 25, 2022 (Friday) to Appointment or hiring of May 8, 2022 (Sunday) new employees, creation or filling up of new positions; promotion or giving of salary increases, remuneration or privilege. (Section 261 (g), OEC). March 25, 2022 (Friday) to Construction of public May 8, 2022 (Sunday) works, delivery of materials for public works and issuance of treasury warrant or similar devices for a future undertaking chargeable against public funds. (Section 261 (w), OEC). Release, disbursement or expenditures of public funds. (Section 261 (v), OEC). April 8, 2022 (Friday) Last day for CLAV to verify whether applicants are eligible to vote under local absentee voting. April 8, 2022 (Friday) Last day to prepare list of qualified local absentee voters. April 9, 2022 (Saturday) Last day to furnish every registered voter with a Voter's Information Sheet. (Section 1, R.A. 7904). April 10, 2022 (Sunday) to Casting of votes by overseas voters. (Sec. 16.1, Campaigning abroad. May 9, 2022 (Monday) R.A. 9189 as amended by R.A. 10590 (Sec. 22. R.A. 10590) Within embassies.

(Sec. 22. R.A. 10590)
Within Philippine
embassies, consulates,
and other posts where
overseas voters may
exercise their right to vote
pursuant to the Overseas
Absentee Voting System

Campaigning (Section 5, R.A. 7166)

April 14, 2022 (Thursday) April 15, 2022 (Friday)

April 18, 2022 (Monday)

Last day to post notice of the date, time and place of testing and sealing of VCMs.

Last day for Election Officers to: (1) post copies of Project of Precincts (POPs); (2) furnish copies of POPs to the official addresses of city/municipal candidates.

#### DATE/PERIOD

#### **ACTIVITIES**

#### **PROHIBITED ACTS**

April 18, 2022 (Monday)

Last day for the Provincial Election Supervisors (PESs) to furnish copies of the POPs of cities/municipalities in the province to the official addresses of the concerned candidates for Member, House of Representatives and provincial elective positions.

Last day for the Law Department to furnish copies of the POPs to the official addresses of the candidates for national elective positions, including party-list groups participating in the party-list system of representation.

Last for the Information Technology Department (ITD), in coordination with the Election and Barangay Affairs Department (EBAD) to post the POPs of the cities/municipalities/districts in the official website of the Commission.

April 21, 2022 (Thursday)

Last day for CLAV to transmit the list of qualified local absentee voters, local absentee ballots and other election paraphernalia to all concerned heads of offices /supervisors / commanders/ PES/ RED NCR /CEOSs.

Constitution of Special Electoral Board (SEB) for local absentee voting.

Last day to notify the EBs concerned of the date, time and place of testing and sealing of the VCMs

Last day to prepare a list of APPs, their locations and summary of type of assistance that they will require as identified by the PWD of SCs during registration. (See section 6(a) of Comelec Resolution No.1018 dated April 29, 2016)

April 27, 28 and 29, 2022 (Wednesday, Thursday and Friday)

Voting by local absentee voters

April 29, 2022 (Friday)

Last day to constitute Reception and Verification Unit (RVU) and Special Board of Canvassers for Local Absentee Voting.

May 2, 2022 (Monday) to May7, 2022 (Saturday)

Testing and Sealing of the VCMs. (Section 12, R.A. 9369 in relation to Section 28, R.A. 8436).

May 8, 2022 (Sunday)

**EVE OF ELECTION DAY** 

Campaigning (Sec. 5, R.A. 7166)

Selling, furnishing, offering, buying, serving, or taking intoxication liquor. (Section 261 (dd), OEC.)

DATE/PERIOD	ACTIVITIES	PROHIBITED ACTS
May 8, 2022 (Sunday)		Giving, accepting, free transportation, food or drinks or things of value. (Section 89, OEC.)
May 9, 2022 (Monday)	Substitution of Party-List Nominees by reason of death or incapacity, until mid-day.	
May 9, 2022 (Monday)	ELECTION DAY	Campaigning (Sec. 5, R.A. 7166)
	Casting of votes and, thereafter counting and consolidation of votes	Selling, furnishing, offering, buying, serving, or taking intoxication liquor. (Section 261 (dd), OEC.)
		Giving, accepting, free transportation, food or drinks or things of value. (Section 89, OEC.)
		Voting more than once of in substitution of another (Section 261 (z), (2) and (3), OEC.)
		Soliciting votes or undertaking any propaganda for or against candidate or any political party within the polling place of within 30 meters thereof. (Section 261 (cc), OEC)
		Opening of booths or stalls for the sale, etc. of merchandise or refreshments within a radius of thirty (30) meters from the polling place (dd) (2), OEC.)
		Holding of fairs, cockfights, boxing, horse races or any other similar sports. (Section 261 (dd) (3), OEC.)
May 9, 2022 (Monday)	Casting of votes by Persons Deprived of Liberty (PDL) at special polling places, up to 2:00 o'clock p.m. (See Section 1 of Comelec Resolution No. 10482 dated March 06, 2012)	

DATE/PERIOD	ACTIVITIES
May 9, 2022 (Monday) *Philippine time at the close of polls	Last day for registered overseas voters to cast their votes.
May 9, 2022 (Monday)	Convening of the Municipal / City/ District, Provincial and Regional Boards of Canvassers, National Board of Canvassers (NBOC), for Senators and Party-List Election, and thereafter, consolidation and canvassing of votes.
May 9, 2022 (Monday)	Last day CLAV to receive envelopes containing the local absentee ballots.
May 9, 2022 (Monday)	Start of counting of local absentee votes
May 9, 2022 (Monday)	Convening of the SBOC for Local Absentee Voting.
May 9, 2022 (Monday) to May 12, 2022 (Thursday)	Count and canvass precinct results and proclaim winning city /municipal elective officials.
May 09, 2022 (Monday) to May 13, 2022 (Friday)	Period within which the Election Officers (EOs) shall advice in writing, by personal delivery or registered mail, all candidates residing in the EO's jurisdiction to comply with their obligation to file their Sworn Statements of Election Contributions (SOCE). (Sec. 14, R.A. 7166.)
May 10, 2022 (Tuesday) to May 16, 2022 (Monday)	Canvass results and proclaim winners for senatorial, congressional, party-list, regional and provincial elections.
June 08, 2022 (Wednesday)	Last day to file SOCE. (Section 14, R.A. 7166)

**PROHIBITED ACTS** 

This Resolution shall take effect on the seventh (7th) day after its publication in two (2) daily newspapers of general circulation in the Philippines.

The Education and Information Department, this Commission, shall cause the immediate publication of this Resolution in two (2) daily newspapers of general circulation in the Philippines, and shall furnish copies thereof to all Regional Election Directors, Provincial Election Supervisors, Election Officers, the concerned offices and departments in the Main Office of the Commission, and all Departments, Bureaus, Offices and Agencies concerned, including the Department of Foreign Affairs and other government agencies maintaining offices abroad. The Information Technology Department, this Commission, shall post a copy of this Resolution in the website of the Commission.

SO ORDERED.

## SHERIFF M. ABAS

Chairman

MA. ROWENA AMELIA V. GUANZON

Commissioner

SOCORRO B. INTING

Commissioner

MARLON S. CASQUEJO

Commissioner

ANTONIO T. KHO, JR.

Commissioner

AIMEE P. FEROLINO-AMPOLOQUIO

Commissioner

## CERTIFICATION

APPROVED by the Commission En Banc on February 10, 2021 pursuant to COMELEC RESOLUTION No. 10671 entitled: "Supplemental Resolution to COMELEC Resolution No. 9936 promulgated on March 25, 2021 entitled: "Rule on the Enactment and Promulgation of Executive or Administrative Resolutions' providing for other format of meetings to include online meetings applicable in times of the COVID-19 pandemic and the imposition of Community Quarantine and similar emergency situations."

Acting Comelec Secretary